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Spirit of Jefferson.

Devoted to Politics, Agriculture, The Sciences, Mechanic Arts, Literature, Miscellaneous Reading, General Intelligence and Commercial Summaries.

VOLUME 2. CHARLESTOWN, JEFFERSON COUNTY, VIRGINIA, OCTOBER 24, 1845. NUMBER 15.

SPIRIT OF JEFFERSON.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY, BY
JAMES W. BELLER,
(OFFICE ON MAIN STREET, A FEW DOORS ABOVE THE VALLEY BANK,)

At $2 00 in advance—$2 50 if paid within the year—or $3 00 if not paid until after the expiration of the year.

☞No paper discontinued, except at the option of the publisher, until arrearages are paid. Subscriptions for less than a year, must in all cases be paid in advance.

☞ADVERTISEMENTS will be inserted at the rate of $1 00 per square for the first three insertions, and 25 cents for each continuance. Those not marked on the manuscript for a specified time, will be inserted until forbid, and CHARGED ACCORDINGLY. A liberal discount made to those who advertise by the year.

Baltimore Advertisements.

MERCHANT'S HOTEL,
Charles Street, near Baltimore Street,
BALTIMORE,

MESSRS. HOPKINS & FIELD having leased the above establishment, are now ready to receive visitors, and respectfully solicit the patronage of the travelling community, and that of the Virginia public especially.

The house has undergone a thorough repair, and no pains nor expense will be spared to render it a desirable abode, to all who may favor us with their support. A. M. HOPKINS, Late of Sanderson's. WM. FIELD, Late of Bucks County, Pa.

Baltimore, Oct. 3, 1845—1y.

JOHN WELLS & BENJAMIN F. SHOPE,
MERCHANT TAILORS,
No. 20, Water st., Opposite Cheapside,

RESPECTFULLY inform thier old friends in Jefferson and the adjoining counties, that they have opened a shop as above, and solicit a call from them. They have now on hand a new and fashionable stock of

Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, &c.,

which will be offered on the most reasonable terms. Goods will be made to order at the shortest notice, and no fit, no pay. Give them a trial before going elsewhere. Baltimore, Oct. 3, 1845—6m.

COULSON & CO.,
(SUCCESSORS TO WILLIAM EMACK,)
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,
No. 4, S. Liberty st., Baltimore,

KEEP constantly on hand a large and general assortment of

Drugs, Paints, Oils, Dye-Stuffs, &c.,

which they offer upon accommodating terms for cash, or the usual credit to punctual customers.

Baltimore, Oct. 3, 1845—6m.

JOSEPH SIMMS & SONS'
BALTIMORE STOVE & SHEET IRON WARE
MANUFACTORY,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

S. E. CORNER OF LUMBARD AND LIGHT STREETS.

Baltimore, Oct. 3, 1845—$6*

OBER & McCONKEY,
Wholesale Druggists,
No. 6 North Charles street, BALTIMORE,

RESPECTFULLY invite the attention of Druggists, Country Merchants and Physicians, to their stock of

Fresh Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, &c.,

laid in principally for *Cash*, which they offer at a *very* small advance, warranting every article.—Both partners being regularly educated to the business, pay special attention to the selection and forwarding of their articles.

Baltimore, Oct. 3, 1845—$5.

J. B. KELLER,
Publisher, Manufacturer, and Dealer in Lithographic Prints,
Toy Books, Almanacs, Song Books,
Plays, School, Classical and Miscellaneous Books, Stationery, etc., etc.
No. 226 BALTIMORE ST., NEAR CHARLES,
BALTIMORE, MD.

ALL the CHEAP PUBLICATIONS regularly received. Mahogany Looking Glass and Picture Frames, of all sizes and patterns, manufactured to order.

Baltimore Oct. 3, 1845—$5.

GILLINGHAM & ANDERSON,
IMPORTERS OF
HARDWARE.
North West Corner Pratt & Light Sts., Baltimore,

ARE prepared to supply Country Merchants with both Foreign and Domestic Hardware, in every variety.

Baltimore, Oct. 3, 1845—$2.

HAYWARD, FOX & CO.,
PROPRIETORS OF THE
MARYLAND REFINED STOVE WORKS,
And Manufacturers of

STOVES, *Parlor Grates, Hollow Ware, Cooking Ranges, Copper and Tin Ware, of all kinds, Hot Air Furnaces, for Public and Private Buildings.*

WAREHOUSE, No. 24 LIGHT STREET.

Baltimore, Oct. 3, 1845—6m.

C. BRETT & SON,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
STOCK, SHIRT COLLAR, BOSOM AND
Morning Gown Manufactory.
Gentlemen's Furnishing Store.

SOLE Agents for *Heinisch's Patent Tailor's Shears, Trimmers and Points*—has constantly on hand, and for sale on reasonable terms, *Stocks, Shirts, Collars, Bosoms, Morning Gowns, Under Shirts, Drawers, Cravats, Scarfs, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Suspenders, Hosiery, &c., &c., in great variety, of every style and price.*

Also, a large assortment of
HEINISCH'S PATENT TAILORS'
Shears, Trimmers and Points.
No. 189 Baltimore st., Opposite St. Paul st.

Baltimore, Oct. 3, 1845.*

SEND ON YOUR ORDERS!

SPANGLER & CO., at No. 2 Light st., Baltimore, (Adams' Old Stand,) attends to the pickling and spicing of OYSTERS in Cans to suit purchasers.

☞ Orders from the Country will be promptly attended to, and their friends in the Valley of Virginia, can have their Cans sent on regularly every morning by the Rail-Road. Terms low.

Baltimore, Oct. 3, 1845—$5.

BALTIMORE CITY.

SADDLERY HARDWARE.

ALLEN PAINE,
No. 310 Baltimore street, Baltimore,

HAS on hand a large and very general assortment of

Plated Steel, Brass and Japanned Saddlery, Coach and Harness Furniture—both of his own manufacture and English Ware, imported by himself.

ALSO, *Saddle Trees, Hog Skins, Buckskins, Buff and Scarlet Cloth Saddles, Three-Cord Silk, &c. &c.*

Articles for Coach-Makers.

AN assortment of handsome *Coach Laces, Damask, Rattinett, Patent Leather, Patent Canvass, Indian Rubber Cloth, Drab Cloths, Top Leather, Lamps, Bands, Moss, Elliptic Springs, Turned Axles, Malleable Iron Castings, Oil Cloth Carpets, Bows, Bent Fellows,* and a very superior article of

COPAL VARNISH AND LEATHER VARNISH,

With a great variety of other Goods in both branches of business: all of which will be sold on pleasing terms.

☞Dealers from the country are invited to call and examine his Stock.

Orders promptly attended to.

All kinds of *PLATING* done at the shortest notice.

Baltimore, Oct. 17, 1845—tf.

BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE
And Blank Book Manufactory.

THE subscribers have for sale a large stock of Books, Stationery and Blank Books, consisting in part of—Family and School Bibles; Pocket and School Testaments; Mitchell's, Olney's, Smith's, and other Geographies; Kirkham's, Murray's, Smith's, Frazees' and Conly's Grammars; Comly's, Webster's, Cobb's, Town's and Hazen's Spelling Books; United States, Emerson's, Cobb's, Sanders' and Pictorial Readers; Walkor's and Webster's large and small Dictionaries; Primers of all sizes; Toy Books, plain and colored; Almanacs, the Farmers, Franklin and Comic, for 1846; Classical and Theological Books, Annals for 1846.

Stationery.

Bonnet Boards, Foolscap and Letter Paper, at very low prices, Wrapping Paper, Slates and Slate Pencils, colored Wrapping Paper, Perforated Paper, for needle-work, Black Steel Pen Ink, a *superior article.* P. S.—This Ink has stood the test and is considered the best Ink in the market, being entirely free from all destructive qualities, and is equally advantageous to be used with quill.

Gold and Silver Pencil Cases, Gold Pens and German Silver Pen and Pencil Case, in one; Purses, Pocket Books, Wallets, and Money Belts.

Sealing Wax, red, black and colored, in small sticks; Penknives, Desk-knive, Ivory Folders, &c.

Printing Ink in kegs from 20 to 100 lbs.

The above, together with a complete assortment of almost every article in the Book and Stationery line, are offered at the lowest market price for cash, or in trade for good Rags at the highest market rates.

BLANK BOOKS.

Blank Books of all sizes made to order and ruled to any pattern at a short notice, and a constant supply always on hand of Medium, Demy and Cap Ledgers, Journals, Day Books, Record, Cash and Invoice Books, Memorandum and Pass Books, Cyphering and Copy Books, made in the best manner.

Country Merchants and others are invited to call and examine our assortment.

PARSONS & PRESTON,
Booksellers and Stationers, 151 Pratt st.,
Adjoining Railroad Depot.

Baltimore, Sept. 12, 1845—9w.

JOHN WONDERLY,
Formerly Conductor of the Balt. & Ohio RAIL-ROAD.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
China, Glass and Liverpool Ware-House,
No. 47, South street, Baltimore,

INFORMS his friends and the public in general, that he will sell any articles in his line of business as cheap, or perhaps cheaper than any other house in this city. He respectfully invites a call from his friends, and then they can judge for the truth of the above.

☞Packing warranted, and Stone-ware for sale at factory prices.

Baltimore, Nov. 15, 1844—tf.

FOUNTAIN INN,
[LATE BELTZHOOVER'S,]
LIGHT STREET, BALTIMORE, MARYLAND.

W. W. DIX, ARTHUR L. FOGG, } PROPRIETORS,

HAVING leased this extensive and favorite establishment, and entirely renovated and refitted it thoroughly, so that it can compare advantageously with any similar establishment in the Union, have no hesitation in endeavoring to attract the attention of the travelling public to this favorite Hotel. If the most strenuous exertions, joined to every possible convenience to be found elsewhere, can insure success, they pledge themselves that its former well-earned reputation, shall not only be merited but surpassed.

In accordance with the difficulties of the times, they have determined to reduce their charges to correspond. TERMS $1,25 PER DAY.

Baltimore, Md., Nov. 15, 1844—1y.

WINDOW SHADE DEPOT,
NO. 7, SPRUCE-STREET, NEW YORK.

THE only manufactory of any extent in the United States. The subscribers offer for sale the most splendid assortment of **Shades** which could be collected together, consisting of the following styles:

10,000 pairs of assorted Gothic, painted by artists. These are all views of celebrated places in Europe.

4,000 pairs of beautiful Gothic, Corinthian, and Landscapes, such as are generally sold about the city.

75 pairs of most beautiful Corinthian, *painted in Florence.*

100 pairs of some of the most celebrated places in this country.

3,000 pairs of cheap Shades, from 62½ cents to $1 50.

We pledge ourselves to sell 100 per cent. cheaper than any other house in New York. Persons wishing to see the process of getting up the most useful articles, are shown through the painting rooms with great pleasure.

Signs, Banners, and **Interior Decorations** not to be surpassed. *TRIMMINGS* of all kinds at manufacturer's prices.

BARTOL & DE MAUNY.

New York, August 15, 1845—3m.

General Intelligence.

The completion of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal to Cumberland has been contracted for, as follows:

For the consideration of sixteen hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars in the Bonds of the Company issued under the law alluded to, and to be paid to the contractors as the work progresses, and after it is done; the contractors are to complete the Canal to Cumberland; advance to the Canal Company from time to time an ample amount of money to defray the necessary expenses that will arise during the prosecution of the work to completion, and to pay all the interest that will accrue on the bonds to the first of January 1848. The work is to be commenced within thirty days, and to be completed on or before the 1st November, 1847.

APPLE TRADE.—The New York Journal of Commerce has the following statement:

Robert Pell, Esq., of Pelham, Westchester Co., has an orchard of twenty thousand apple trees, all bearing Newton Pippins. By trimming and the application of the best manures, he has brought the fruit to unusual size and excellence. The apples are picked and packed in barrels without being rolled or jolted in carts, and so arrive in the very best order for shipment. Last year they were sold in London at twenty-one dollars a barrel, and the merchant to whom they were consigned, wrote that the nobility and other people of great wealth had actually bought them by retail at a guinea a dozen which is some forty-five cents an apple.

Mr. Pell has from three to four thousand barrels of the apples this year, which are sold as fast as they arrive in market, at six dollars a barrel, and are all shipped to England. It is quite a business for one of our commission merchants to dispose of the produce of this noble plantation.

The American apple, take it all in all, is the most valuable fruit which grows on the earth.—We undervalue them because they are so abundant; and even many American farmers will not take the trouble to live like an English lord, though the trouble would be very little.

MORMON PACIFICATION.—Gen. Hardin and others have affected a pacification with the Mormons.—They profess to be ready to sell out and remove beyond the Rocky mountains next spring. Six thousand, with their rulers, will start early in the season. They are said to be busily engaged in trying to sell out their lands and improvements, and making other preparations for departure.—The conduct of Gen. Hardin has been marked by great prudence and firmness; his presence, with a small force, soon restored order and peace.

A STRAY EAGLE.—A bald eagle flew on board the U. S. ship John Adams, at sea, much fatigued, says the Boston Journal. As poultry die rapidly at sea, he fared well, not being eatable, and become very tame, walking around from mess to mess, getting a crumb here and a drink there. He is now considered one of the crew, and attends to the furling of the royals. He never left the ship until the Princeton anchored at Pensacola, when he alighted on her cross jack yard, took a searching glance, saw all was right, as far as Uncle Sam was concerned, and returned to his own ship. The singular part of this occurrence is, that three foreign men-of-war are at anchor near the John Adams, and this republican bird will not visit either of them.

MACKEREL.—The price of this fish is lower now than for a long series of years past. The cause is singular, and shews that trade, as well as law, is sometimes very uncertain. The opening prices for the catch of this year were much the same with those of last year, and every thing seemed to be going on smoothly, when all at once there rushed into Boston Bay an immense school of very fat mackerel, of rather small size and evidently of a different family from those usually taken. The catch of the fishermen was instantly quadrupled. From this school an extra quantity was taken, amounting, as some persons estimate, to twenty thousand bbls. Although very fat and delicious, they were, from their size, almost all ranked as No. 2 and 3, and the price of these numbers were thrown down to their present position. The fall on No. 2 was four dollars a barrel, causing a very severe loss to holders, who had purchased with the ordinary prospect of profit. This new family of the fish have been chiefly instrumental in causing the irregularity in the inspections which we have already mentioned. Some of the inspectors rated as No. 1, on account of fatness, the same fish which others called No 2 on account of size. For use it is really of very little consequence; for their excellent quality is inducing our best livers to take them for family use in preference to the common fish of larger size, which are of very questionable superiority, though selling at double the price.

[*N. Y. Jour. Com.*

NEW YORK POST OFFICE.—The number of letters received at the New York City Post office, for delivery, in the month of July, was 228,778. Number of letters received from other offices, to be distributed to other offices, 110,105. Number of letters sent from the office by mails, 291,407. Ship letters received, 8,886. Number of letters received by ship, and forwarded to other offices by mail, 9,549. Total of letters passing through the office in one month, "drop" or city letters excepted, 648,725.

SEWING MACHINE.—A most ingenious piece of mechanism has recently been made known to the public in France, the inventor of which has been engaged during the last fifteen years in bringing it to its present state of perfection. It is a sewing machine, plain in its details, and calculated to revolutionize completely the art of sewing. It will perform two hundred stitches to the minute, enlarge or contract the stitches by the simple turn of a screw, lead the needle along all the sinuosities and irregularities of the stuff to be sewed, without the least danger of tear, whatever may be the texture of the stuff, and do every part of the sewing of a coat, *button-holes excepted.*

[*New York Sun.*

A NEW REAPING MACHINE has been invented by a Jerseyman—Ferdinand Woodward, of Cream Ridge, Monmouth connty—by means of which, according to a note in the State Gazette, two horses and two men may cut and deposite in sheaf about thirty acres of wheat, rye, oats, or rice in one day. The particular advantages which it possesses over all heretofore invented are, it is simple in its mechanism, firm in its construction, and easily transported without being taken apart. It can be used with equal advantage on level or uneven ground. Unlike all other machines of this kind, it can be introduced as well in the middle as in any other part of a field, and does not require any previous cutting of a portion of the grain to be set in motion. The blades are arranged on the self-sharpening principle, and consequently need not be removed until they are worn out, which will require years of constant use. The great superiority, however, consists in the fact, that it forms and deposites the sheafs of a uniform size, at equal distances from each other.—*Newark Advocate.*

AUTUMN SONG.

The gold corn in the field
And the asters in the meadow,
And the heavy clouds that yield
To the hills a crown of shadow,
Mark the ending of the Summer,
And the Autumn coming in
A crimson eyed new comer,
Whose voice is cold and thin,
As he whispers to the flowers,
'Lo, all this time is our's.'

I remember long ago
When the soft June days were wasted,
That the Autumn and the snow
In the after heats were tasted;
For the sultry August weather
Burned the freshness from the trees,—
And the woods and I, together,
Mourned the winter that must freeze
The silver-singing streams
Which fed our summer dreams.

Through the yellow afternooon
Rolls the wagon harvest-laden,—
And beneath the harvest moon
At the husking sings the maiden;
While without the winds are flowing
Like long uriel waves,
And their scythe sharp breath is mowing
The flowers upon the graves.
When the husking is all o'er
The maiden sings no more.

Miscellaneous.

Autumn.

The seasons, revolving their annual round, once more bring on those "melancholy days," denominated by the poet "the saddest of the year."—They are so: and the inquiry naturally arises, why it is? what occasions those pensive and often gloomy feelings that pervade the thinking mind at this season of the year? In the true lover of nature, the cause may readily be traced to a sympathising heart. He who has watched her from the first blooming of her spring-time flowers, through the blossoms of her summer roses; who caught a glimpse at her earliest budding plant, and observed through all its periods, the putting forth of the luxuriant forest-tree; who has beheld, with the purest delight, her thousand varied charms, and listened with transport to the delcious warblings of her woodland songsters; why should he not feel sad, when all nature seems hastening to decay?

He has seen the sweet primrose and daisy disappear, and the last rose of Summer, nipped by the biting frost rapidly fading before him, while the gay notes of the feathered tribe, which were wont to arouse him at early dawn, or cheer his steps at sunset hour, dying gradually away, as, one by one, these charming minstrels hasten afar to southern climes, soon to greet his ear no more. Still he seeks from time to time the endeared retreats of nature, and, standing on some eminence whence he may survey the surrounding prospect, he beholds the fields naked and desolate, the forests stripped of their green foliage, and every thing around wearing a sickly, death-like hue. Meanwhile he hears no sound, perchance, save the autumnal winds, as they mourn through the deserted halls of nature, plainly breathing a dirge for the dying year. A feeling of sadness then comes over him, and deeply meditating, he turns away to weep.

But for him, and for all, there is another cause for melancholy reflections at this time. Contemplating the constant and rapid changes of the seasons, we are led to consider that *our* periods of existence are swiftly passing, that the autumn of our days will quickly speed by, when, the winter of age coming on, we shall soon be nipped by the chilly biasts of Death, and take our final slumber in his cold embrace.

As we see the vegetable kingdom—that lately appeared in all its richness and beauty, decorating *the earth, and yielding plentiful sustenance for the* flocks and herds of the field—now drooping and perishing, the thought is suggested that

"So flourishes and fades majestic man;"

while at the same time, the language of the beautiful poet of the "Seasons," admonishingly addresses itself to us:

"Pass some few years,
Thy flowery spring, thy summers ardent strength,
Thy sober autumn, fading into age,
And pale concluding winter comes at last,
And shuts the scene!"

A Time to die—An Extract.

BY THEOPHILUS FISK.

Look at that smooth and bloodless brow, of one of earth's loveliest daughters, borne back to her natal bowers from a long pilgrimage, in search of the lost treasure—health. Like a pale perishing blossom, she is laid in all her fading beauty, down in the home of her guileless infancy; amidst the happy scenes to which her memory fondly clung. The hopes that had nestled in the heart of many a faithful friend, had one by one departed as they marked the hectic spot upon the wan and pallid cheek, thin attenuated fingers of the tiny hand, the faltering step, the sunken eye—these told in solemn language that the time was rapidly approaching when they must prepare the coffin and the shroud.

A few short months only had passed, since she stood before the altar, a laughing, blushing bride, her slight and fragile form surrounded by troops of admiring friends. He[illegible]me is changed, she returns to her fathers hou[illegible] but to leave it for a land of strangers. Ah! little did they think, on that day when tears and smiles mere mingled—when they looked upon that bright face with its beaming joy and youthful pride, that its glow was lighted with the fevered breath of the treacherous disease—consumption. Little did the fond father think when he left a tear of mingled joy and sorrow upon her cheek at parting, that she was so soon to be borne back to the home of her youth in comfortless sorrow.

Death regards not a father's love, nor a husband's grief—she is laid in her shrouded beauty beneath the spreading cypress of her native hills, *in calm, unbroken, painless sleep. She has seen* the moonlight resting upon her native vallies for the last time—the sun to her gilds the hill-tops no more. The spirit emancipated from the heavy shackles of mortality, has joined the great congregation of the ransomed ones in the paradise of love. Why weep ye then as those who have no hope that there her darkness is changed to day—that a sun has risen no more to set—that the fetters of earth have been exchanged for robes of light and life—that the dark portal of death has been unclosed which opens upon an endless day—that the music of another voice is added to that unceasing song in a world where pain and parting are known no more.

Tears may fall when the beautiful and the good are called away; but there is unfading consolation in the darkest hour. The oracles of truth point the mourning soul to the land of perfect bliss, where the spirit never dies, and pain never comes.

If you wish to be happy, keep busy. Idleness is harder work than ploughing, a great deal.—There is more fun in aweating an hour, than there is in yawning a century. Few people however, will believe this, and yet it's true as Genesis. Indolence is not ease—neither is wealth happiness. 'Life's cares are comforts, and he that has none, must be wretched.'

Bonaparte's Generals.

It is astonishing to see what resolute and iron men Bonaparte gathered around him. Everything that came near him seemed to run in his mould, or rather, perhaps, he would confide in none who did not partake more or less of his character.—Some as much unlike him as men could well be, and worthy of no regard, he had around him, because he could use them, but to none such did he trust his armies or commit the fate of a battle.—Those whom he trusted with his fate and fortunes, he knew, by stern experience, to be men that never flinched in the hour of peril, and were earth-fast rocks amid the tumult of a battle field. He *tried* every man before he committed the success of his great plans to him. Rank and fortune bought no places of trust from him. He promoted his officers on the field of the slain, and made his marshals amid the dead that cumbered the ground on which they had proved themselves heroes by great deeds. When Bonaparte rode over one of *his bloody, yet victorious battle-fields, as was ever* his custom the morning after the conflict, he saw from the spots on which the dead lay piled in largest heaps, where the heat and crisis of the battle had been. From his observatory he had watched the whole progress of the strife, and when next morning he rode over the plain, it was not difficult to tell what column had fought bravest, or what leader had proved himself worthiest of confidence; and on the spot where they *earned* their reward he *gave* it, and made the place where they struggled bravest and suffered most, the birth place of their renown. This custom of his, furnished the greatest of all incitements to desperate valor in battle. Every officer knew that the glass of his Emperor swept the field where he fought, and the quick eye that glanced like lightning over every object was constantly on him, and as his deeds were, so would his honors be. This strung the energies of every ambitious man—and Bonaparte had no others to lead his battalions—to their utmost tension. What wonder is it then, that great deeds were wrought, and Europe stood awe-struck before enemies that seemed never to dream of defeat.

The Female Heart.

There is nothing under heaven so delicious as the possession of pure, fresh, immutable affections. The most felicitous moment of man's life, the most ecstatic of all his emotions and sympathies, is that in which he receives an avowal of affection from the idol of his heart. The springs of feeling, which in their youthful purity, are fountains of unsealed and gushing tenderness—the spell that once draws them forth is the mystic light of future years and undying memory. Nothing in life is so pure and devoted, as a woman's love. It matters not, whether it be for a husband or child, or sister, or brother, it is the same pure unquenchable flame, the same constant and immaculate *glow of feeling, whose undefinable touchstone is* trial. Do but give her one token of love, one kind word, or one gentle look, even if it be amid desolation and death—the feelings of that faithful heart will gush forth as a torrent, in despite of earthly bond or mercenary tie. More priceless than the gems of Golconda, is the female heart; and more devoted than the idolatry of Mecca is woman's love. There is no sordid view, qualifying self-interest in the feeling. It is a principle and character of her nature—a faculty and infatuation which absorbs and concentrates all the fervor of soul, and all the depths of her bosom. I would rather be the idol of one unsullied and unpractised heart, than the monarch of empires. I would rather possess the immaculate and impassioned devotion of one high souled and enthusiastic female, than the sycophantic fawnings of millions.

POVERTY.—Start not at the labor doom of honest poverty; it is to poverty that we are indebted for the discovery of a new world; it made Franklin a philosopher, Hogarth a painter, and Napoleon the conqueror of Europe—The mightiest minds that ever astonished the civilized world, were nursed in the vale of poverty; that was their incentive to action, their stimulus to glory and immortality. Pine not, then, at your lot, if you be poor and virtuous; a large fortune to a giddy youth is the most painful judgment an indulgent heaven can inflict upon man. The inordinate love of wealth, so fatally prevalent in modern times, when, with a great majority, riches are a test of respectability, and cash a token of worth and virtue, a cloak to screen from crime—is worse than bleareyed famine, more fatal than the festering folds of the purple pestilence. Mourn not, then, that you are poor—push your faculties into a holier sphere, and reap abundant stores of mental gain in the extended field of an enlightened mind.—*Fisk.*

BEAUTIFUL.—Music for the *Melancholly!* Aye! let it be breathed over the desponding heart, and, even if it be buried in gloom, like the landscape at midnight, ere long you shall see cheerfulness climbing up the horizon of despair, like the moon beyond the mountains, hallowing every thing with a light softer than the very darkness it illumines, and more bland than the noontide of unclouded joy.—Yes! pour forth the mystic soul of song, and the downcast brow shall lose its cloud of care, the eye shall anon beam with its wonted cheer, and the cheek grow radaint with smiles.

Music for the *Mourner!* Not the wild measures that lead the dance or that rouse wrath in the tempest of battle. O, no! Soft as angel whispering, and plaintive as the moanings of the anguished heart, be the tones that would blame the stricken in heart. Let them murmur of blighted hope and buried love, till the crushed feelings are dentified with the sympathetic strain. But bid not the thought long wander in the grave. Let the melody, embodied as it were into a thousand Irised hues gild the portals of the tomb and stream like the aurocal glory, towards Heaven.

LOVE LETTERS.—Never write love letters provided you are free from stammering, or other impediments of speech. Writing letters of affection is a stupid process. A man never writes any *thing concerning love, that he does not afterwards* feel heartily ashamed of. It is not so, generally speaking, with women. They are too cautious, and, withal, too sincere to blush at the perusal of any confession they may put upon paper. On the whole, however, it is better for both sexes to confer verbially upon all affairs that can be settled by the use of the organs of speech. The quill is treacherous.—*American Patriot.*

TO YOUNG LADIES.—I have found that the men who are really the most fond of the society of the ladies, who cherish for them a high respect, are seldom the most popular with the sex. Men of great assurance, whose tongues are lightly hung, who make words supply the place of ideas, and place compliment in the room of sentiment, are the favorites. A due respect for women leads to respectful action towards them—and respectful is usually distant action; and this great distance is mistaken by them for neglect or want of interest.

[*Addison.*

CHILDHOOD.—Childhood is like a mirror, catching and reflecting images from all around it. Remember that an *impious* or profane thought, uttered by a parents lips, may operate on the young heart like a careless spray of water thrown upon polished steel, staining it with rust which no after scouring can efface.

Beggars in London.

A correspondent of the Cincinnati Gazette writing from the "Great Metropolis," introduces the annexed in a late letter:

"The number of beggars in London is very great; one meets them at every step. Here is a poor fellow leaning upon a crutch, begging in the name of heaven for a penny to save him from starvation. Another step, and a female is seen, limping from disease or accident, supplicating aid for herself and starving children! and as one turns with aching heart from these wretched people, another group is presented, consisting of a mother and several children, clothed in rags, evincing by their emanciated forms the most extreme hunger, the children clinging to the helpless parent, and all imploring for bread. Here is a poor man who has no employment; he has a family, and they are starving: saunters forth to beg; his evident misery excites the compassion of a very few, and he returns home only able to buy a two-penny loaf, *which must be the food of six persons for one day!* While gazing a moment at the beggar's destitution, a splendid stage coach and four, rolls by, with two out-riders and two footmen, wearing cocked hats, and covered with shining lace. The Lord Mayor will spend more in one banquet than the beggars can obtain during the next year. A few paces further a singular object is crouched upon the pavement almost insensible. His clothing consists of the remnant of trousers and vest only, and these literally dropping from his emaciated limbs. Pale and ghastly, like a patient recovering from protracted illness, he has not animation enough to raise his eyes. Some humane hand had chalked upon the pavement, 'Come to this by starvation—he that giveth to the poor lendeth to the Lord.'

On a gloomy Saturday evening, when the density of the atmosphere almost exceeded London itself, and rain fell in fitful showers, and gusts of wind swept through the narrow streets, I repaired to a particular street, supposing the time, weather, and place, well combined to depict the misery very common to this great city. In a street where provisions are sold, the scene was of a most extraordinary character; some were selling, many begging, but few giving. Among the throng, a little boy about six years old stood in the rain, without hat or shoes, and eagerly gazing in a butcher's stall where meat was arrayed for sale; the gas-light fell upon his visage, and exhibited an emaciated, starving child. A penny was given to him, and he was watched to learn the result. An American child would have bought a stick of candy or a toy, but not so with this starving boy. He immediately ran to an eating house, and selecting that of which he could procure the most, without regard to quality, he came devouring a handful of pudding, which is merely peas boiled until they become soft, and forms a consistent *mass, strangely* enough called pudding. At the next step was to be seen a man, his wife, and three children, the latter crying for bread. These people have neither employment, money, nor food, and they are all starving in a mass."

MAKE HOME HAPPY.—It is the duty devolving upon every member of a family to endeavor to make all belonging to it happy. This may, with a little pleasant exertion, be done. Let every one contribute towards improving the ground belonging to their house. If the house is cold and uncomfortable, let each exert himself to render it better and more pleasant. If it is good and pleasant, let each strive to adorn it; let flowering shrubs and trees be planted, and vines and woodbines be trailed around the windows and doors; add interesting volumes to the family library, little articles of furniture to replace those which were wearing out; wait upon and anticipate each other's wants and ever have a pleasant smile for all and each.

Make home happy! Parents ought to teach this in the nursery, and by the fireside; give it the weight of the precept and example. If they would, ours would be a happy and more virtuous country. Drunkenness, profanity, and other distressing vices would die away; they could not live in the influence of a lovely and refined home.

TOO TRUE.—A dark feature in the present age, said the late Dr. Channing, "is the spirit of collision, contention and discord which breaks forth in religion, politics, and private affairs—a result and necessary issue of the selfishness which prompts the endless activity of life. The mighty forces which are at this moment acting in society are not and cannot be in harmony, for they cannot be governed by love. They jar—they are discordant. Life has now little music in it. It is not only on the field of battle that men fight.—They fight on the exchange.—Business is war, is conflict of skill, management, too often fraud.—Christians foreaking their one Lord, gather under various standards to gain victory for their sects.—Politics is war, breaking the whole people into fierce and unscrupulous parties, which forget their country in conflict for office and power. The age needs nothing more than peace makers; men of serene, commanding virtue, to preach in life and word the gospel of human brotherhood to allay the fires of jealousy and hate.

AGE.—Who can see an old man and not feel disposed to congratulate him? The turmoils of life will soon cease to distress *him*—the grave will quickly hush his complaints, and place him beyond the touch of woe. If he has been unfortunate in business; if he has been the object of bitter persecution; if friends have forsaken him, and foes have oppressed *him*; he will in a few days be where such anguish is unknown. The tempest is over and the haven is in sight. The closing eye of the mariner sees it, and he pants for its holy calm.

No more will his bosom bleed. No more will trouble fret him. No more will anxiety break his sleep and embitter his waking hours. All are past in a returnless flight.

Happy old man! Sweet to him are his virtuous recollections—bright his heavenly anticipations. The past is pleasant, and the future ineffably glorious.

A SINGULER BREACH OF PROMISE.—A Paris correspondent of the Boston Atlas, says that the French papers give the particulars of a curious termination to a suit for breach of marriage promise, at Copenhagen. A girl obtained, as a verdict against her seducer, that he should either marry her, or pay 2,000 rix dollars, which was confirmed by a court of appeals; but he refused to do either. She put the decree in the hands of the usual officer appointed to enforce the judgments of the civil courts, and that functionary went early the next morning with a sufficient force, and carried the recreant lover to the cathedral, where the damsel was in waiting with her witnesses, and the priest at the altar. The officer having read the decree, ordered the priest to commence the service, which he did, the bridegroom maintaining a dogged silence, until he heard the words *conjungo vos*, which convinced him that there was but one remedy, and he cried "stop."—The bride willingly accepted his bonds for 2,000 dollars, in place of his hand, and the disconsolate swain left the church, amidst the hisses of the mob, though the French journals seem to think that they should have greeted the other party, and propose remunerating him by subscription.

Spirit of Jefferson.

CHARLESTOWN:

Friday Morning, October 24, 1845.

Unfortunate Affray.

On Saturday last, a fight occured at Kabletown in this County, between WILLIAM CLIP and —— GRAY, by which the latter lost his life on Tuesday evening. We are not sufficiently acquainted with the particulars to give any detailed statement of the unfortunate occurrence, but believe the facts to be simply these:—

A previous misunderstanding had existed between the parties, and on Saturday, it being a muster day at the place above named, the deceased proposed that it should be settled by a fight. This, Clip refused, assigning as a reason that the deceased was much larger, and he consequently not able to compete with him. But a fight finally ensued, and the deceased received a stab from a penknife which terminated his life, as we have before stated, on Tuesday last.

Gray was engagad at the Shannondale Furnace, in some capacity, and has left a wife and eight helpless children to mourn his untimely fate. An inquest was held on Wednesday, and after a post mortem examination by Dr. G. F. Mason, by which it was found that the knife had passed *through the heart*, the jury rendered a verdict in accordance with the facts above stated.

The brother of William Clip was tried on Monday, before a called Court, charged with having struck the deceased with a stone during the fight, but he was acquitted.

The trial of Wm. Clip will take place to-day, and as able Counsel have been engaged to take part both in the prosecution and defence, it may be expected to cause considerable interest.

Pennsylvania Election.

The old Keystone stands firm, and we may give our victory at the recent election in a few words.

According to the Pennsylvanian, the new Senate will comprise 14 Whigs, 1 Native and 18 Democrats; the House, not ascertained to a unit, but there will be a decided Democratic majority.

Ohio Election.

An eleetion took place in this State on Tuesday week, for members of the Legislature, County Officers, &c. The returns are not yet all in, but sufficient is known to insure to the Whigs a majority in the Legislature. Cincinnati, for the first time in 20 years, has elected the entire Democratic ticket.

Presbyterian Synod.

This body assembled at Charlottesville, on the 15th inst. The opening discourse was preached by Dr. GRAHAM, of the Theological Seminary, of Prince Edward. The proposition for a division of the Synod was discussed, and decided in the negative. The Synod passed a resolution recommending the Tract Society. Dr. RUFFNER delivered a discourse on the Roman Catholic religion, which was listened to with much attention. The Synod determined to hold their next meeting in Charleston, Kanawha, on the 28th of October, 1846.

County Surveyor.

At a meeting of the Magistrates on Monday last, JAMES M. BROWN, Esq., was re-appointed Surveyor of Jefferson County for the ensuing seven years.

Convention Committee.

Pursuant to a resolution adopted at a meeting of the citizens of Jefferson, held at the Court House on Monday the 27th day of September, 1845, the following named gentlemen have been appointed by the Chairman, Andrew Hunter, Esq., as the "committee of fifteen" to obtain signers to a petition to the next general assembly of Virginia, on the subject of an amendment or alteration of our present constitution.

Thomas Rawlins	Dr G B Stephenson
Geo W Sappington sr	Henry Berry
Maj Thomas Briscoe	Edward Lucas sr
John F Smith	Willoughby Webb
John R Redman	John C R Taylor
Dr Mann P Nelson	Meredith Helm
John G Wilson	James A Kerney
Ambrose Cross	

A J O'BANNON, Sec'ry.

☞ An election for Senator will be held in Augusta and Rockbridge district on the 13th of November, to fill the place of John H. Peyton, resigned.

☞ Governor Pratt has issued a proclamation recommending that Thursday, the 21st day of November next, be observed by the people of Maryland as a day of thanksgiving, praise and prayer.

The "Twin Sisters," assisted by Mr. Friend, are now in the Hoosier State, and receive well-deserved compliments for their vocal powers.

☞ We are gratified to see that the Terre-Haute Express, edited by David S. Danaldson, Esq., ably defends the course pursued by the citizens of Lexington in removing the press, &c., of Cassius M. Clay. Surrounded as Mr. D. is, by Abolitionists and Abolition presses, it augurs an independent feeling to stand up for the rights of the South, when she was so wontonly assailed by the "True American," and her citizens forced, in self-defence, to prohibit its publication.

☞ The Bar of Clarke county, as will be seen by reference to our advertising columns, have added to their number N. CARROLL MASON, Esq., formerly of Loudoun. Mr. M., though comparatively young in his profession, is a gentleman of great promise, and we are gratified, for more reasons than one, that he has thought proper to locate in our judicial District.

GEORGIA.—The majority of CRAWFORD (Whig) for Governor will be about 1600. The state of parties in the Legislature is not yet definitely ascertained. The Savannah Georgian makes the Senate 25 Democrats to 22 Whigs, and the House 63 Democrats to 66 Whigs, excluding Madison county where there is a tie. Should this be confirmed there will be a tie vote on joint ballot.

GENERAL ORDERS.—Adjutant General Jones has issued orders announcing the death of Brigadier General W. K. Armstead, directing the officers of his late corps to wear crape on the left arm, and that such forts as are occupied by a part of the same corps, will display their flag at half-mast.

The Effect of the News.

The Baltimore Sun of Wednesday thus refers to the effect of the news by the Hibernia, on the Flour and Grain market:

The price of flour and grain had advanced in the Baltimore market prior to the receipt of the news by the Hibernia very rapidly, and sales of Howard street flour were made on Monday at $5-25, and of City Mills at $5 31. Wheat also advanced, on an average, about 12½ cents. per bushel, sales of family white wheat having been made on Monday at 116 a 125 cents per bushel. Yesterday morning, after the receipt of the news by the Hibernia, the market was depressed and unsettled, neither holders or buyers seeming inclined to operate. After the receipt of advices from New York in the afternoon, however, with private letters from England, although no sales took place, there was an evident disposition among holders of flour to submit to a decline of about 20 cents per barrel, and some sales of wheat were made at a decline of 3 to 5 cents per bushel.

The New York Express of Tuesday thus alludes to the effect of the news in that city:—

"The influence of the news in the market has been decidedly unfavorable. The flour excitement has subsided. A decline of a shilling sterling, in England, has caused a corresponding effect here. There is undoubtedly a great disappointment at the accounts received, and the private letters do not give the same unpromising intelligence as the public papers. Prices which closed very firmly on Saturday at $5 75, are now down to $5 50 a $5 62½, and apparently there is no disposition to purchase at that. It is now stated that no orders had been received for shipment of flour, at over $5,25, and that all above that has been a speculative fever."

Howe's History of Virginia.

The Agent for this work, Mr. BRADLEY, is now in our neighborhood, and will remain for a week or two only. He designs visiting Clarke in a few days, and those of our friends in that county who have not yet procured the work will have an opportunity of doing so.

As we have heretofore alluded to the value of this publication, it may be unnecessary for us to say any thing at present in commendation, but again urge upon our friends to procure a copy.—It is beautiful in its designs, and accurate in its descriptions, as is fully testified by an examination of the work itself, and the following high recommendation from Gov. McDowell and others:

RICHMOND, April 22nd, 1845.

DEAR SIR:—Although we have had no opportunity of examining your "Historical Collections of Virginia" with as much critical care as we could have wished, we have nevertheless examined it far enough to be satisfied that it is a work of decided usefulness and merit. It not only comprises a large and valuable mass of general matter relating to the settlement, the progress, the legislation and the statistics of the State, but it comprises at the same time, so much of the minuter matter of history, so much that relates to scenes and to incidents of local and biographical interest, which is desirable to perpetuate, that it cannot fail to become, even independently of its beautiful engravings, a most advantageous and attractive volume to every description of reader. But besides this, your plan of executing the work, by giving a separate geographical and historical account of every city, town and county in the State, is in our judgment an exceeding judicious one. You thus render it a work, not only of reference to every body, interesting as a whole, and interesting in all its parts, but you subject the fidelity of its narration to a more searching and universal criticism, and create a more certain desire to supply, whatever the narrative may omit.

Regarding it therefore as an instructive and entertaining volume, we cheerfully commend it to every one who cares to know any thing of the past or the present of the "Old Dominion."

With great respect,
Your ob't serv'ts,
JAS. McDOWELL,
THOMAS RITCHIE,
JAS. C. HEATH,
J. BROWN, JR.,
JNO. H. PLEASANTS,
CH. T. BOTTS.

To HENRY HOWE, Esq., Author of the "*Historical Collections of Virginia.*"

The Fredericksburg Recorder, on the authority of "one who knows," pronounces the account published in most of the papers of a recent date, in regard to the navigation of the Amazon river, a hoax. This will explain to a friend who requsted us to copy, why the article is not to be found in our paper of to day.

The Natives are the butt of the jibes and jests of both the Whigs and Democrats in Philadelphia. The Philadelphia Pennsylvanian has a column devoted to satirical paragraphs upon the poor fellows. The following is one of them:

"SICK? OR DEAD?—We saw the doctor's carriage standing some time yesterday before the Native Head-Quarters in 6th street. Is the party *sick*, or was the doctor giving a certificate of its death? Of what disease did it die? Corruption of the heart?"

Hon. Morgan L. Martin, democrat, has been elected Delegate to Congress from Wisconsin Territory.

The Editor of the Washington Union is turning his batteries with great power against the present unjust and odious Tariff. The Republicans of the South, unite to cheer him forward in his noble work.

FROM THE ARMY OF OPERATIONS.—The New York Commercial has a letter from an officer at Corpus Christi, dated Sept. 25, which says:—

"I have no doubt our friends in the United States feel interested for us, and many of them are exceedingly anxious for our safety. But there never was an army more perfectly *quiet* than we are in our present position. The last accounts from the frontiers render a fight less probable than ever. There has been another revolt among some of the Mexican troops, and a special messenger sent to Washington to propose for Mexico an amicable arrangement with our government.

"General Arista, commander of the forces on the Rio Grande, has retired to his hacienda, (plantation.) for the repose necessary to his health.—All these things show very little disposition on the part of Mexico for a trial of strength with the United States."

ACQUITTED.—Several of those engaged in the moving of Cassius Clay's press and types from Kentucky were indicted by the grand jury, and have been tried and acquitted.

The Journal des Debats announces the arrival at Bordeaux of Mr. Washington Irving, the celebrated American writer. He is said to be charged with a diplomatic mission to France by the government of the United States.

The annual loss to Great Britain by shipwreck, is 610 ships, 15,000 lives, and £2,000,000 sterling.

The standard dictionary in the Boston schools is now Walker's—Webster's having been deposed a few days ago.—*Boston Post.*

The governor of Kentucky has appointed W. B. Kinkead to succeed Hon. John White, whose lamentable decease has been recently chronicled, as circuit Judge of the 19th District of that State.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCHES.—The following are the statistics of the Presbyterian Church, O. S., according to the minutes, ordained ministers, 1562; licensed preachers, 224; candidates for the ministry, 336; church members, 171,870. Added during the last year, by profession, 7,329; by letter, 5,076.

Hon. James M. Mason.

Among the gentlemen named by the West to fill the vacant seat in the U. S. Senate, Mr. Mason stands most prominent. He is in all respects admirably suited for the post, and would reflect honor upon the Old Dominion. A writer in the Enquirer thus appropriately refers to the part taken by Mr. Mason on Giles' celebrated resolutions. He was then, as now, uncompromising in his opposition to Federal encroachment, whatever shape it might assume.

For the Richmond Enquirer.

Messrs Editors—In your paper of the 28th July, there is contained an article from the Winchester Virginian, bringing to notice the name of James M. Mason, of Frederick, as possessing high qualifications for a seat in the Senate of the United States. In thus acting, the Press is but doing justice to a distinguished representative of a name illustrious in the annals of Virginia. The article alluded to truthfully describes the youthful Legislator, who stood by that able and faithful defender of State Rights, William B. Giles, near 20 years ago, when he levelled his celebrated resolutions, in the House of Delegates, against the renewed aggressions of Federal power, under the administration of the second Adams. The truth is but told, and the record confirms the assertion, that "he is thoroughly imbued with the principles of the school of '98 and '99"—and he never has varied from them, through sun-shine or storm. As a proof of this, he lost his seat in the Legislature in consequence of the support given to Giles' resolutions, which have been ever since, and, indeed, before, regarded as the test of the Republican party. At that day, during the administration of the "puritan and the blackleg," Federalism had raised again its down-trodden head, and with all the deceit of the glittering serpent," essayed to corrupt and bribe the States and the people, to its support, by the promise of roads and canals, to be made by the General Government, and also by an increase of the Tariff of '24, and by other iniquitous schemes, to draw them within its foul embrace. Then it was that Giles' resolutions were thundered forth from the battlements of Republicanism! Then it was that the broad Jeffersonian banner, with "State Rights" inscribed upon it, was hung to the breeze, after a long peace, and all who loved Rome more than Cæsar were called to range themselves under its folds. In the mean-time, the temptation of the evil one was doing its work, and Frederick county, as well as others, had yielded to the charm, in the shape of a new route for the Cumberland Road, through Virginia to Washington. What next? Mason was to be sacrificed for his support of Giles' resolutions, which had declared a war of extermination against Internal Improvements by the General Government, and a Tariff for Protection. In that dark hour, his constituents, without reflection, turned from their faithful sentinel, and he was defeated by the "road men." By another year, however, the people of that Republican county repented of the injury done their country, by sustaining Federalism of the rankest dye, retraced their steps, came in under the banner of Old Hickory, and reinstated their former Delegate.

Thus, it may be seen, that in the early trials of the party, when all depended upon true hearts and skilful hands to oppose power and to defend principles, at all hazards, this gentleman has been weighed in the balance and not found wanting.

In order the more fully to show the political integrity and manly independence of Col. Mason, on all occasions, attention is called to the subjoined Address* to his constituents, in 1827, in vindication of his course, in one of the most important sessions of the Legislature. It will repay the reader for a perusal, and subserve the cause of Democracy, by exhibiting the manner in which State Rights doctrines were maintained before the people at a former day, by an advocate, honest, skilful, and fearless of results.

To the East and to the West, then, we say, unite upon James M. Mason, with the assurance, that the interests and principles of Virginia would be represented by an honest, talented and independent man. BLUE RIDGE.

*We regret that our crowded columns prevent us from publishing the address referred to.—ENQUIRER.

The "disorganizing Loco Focos," and the "Law and Order Whigs!"

The Whigs papers occasionally level their arrows at the principles of the Democratic party, as tending to anarchy and confusion. Upon the "progressive democracy" they lay the blame of all violations of the peace, and by the most wire-drawn speculations, trace to the principles of our party all the popular outbreaks, however monstrous or alarming. It is in vain that we point to the different *practice* of the northern Whigs and Democrats. Every thing must be made to yield to the dogmatical theory of Whiggery—and that theory is, that Democracy is in itself unsound and vicious, and all breaches of the peace and violations of public virtue must have sprung from so corrupt a fountain. On the anti-rent rebellion in New York, the Whigs have harped long and loud—boasting themselves as the lovers of law and order, and their opponents as the main actors in that alarming and melancholy drama. To show what little ground there is for their self-laudation, and to defend the Democrats against a grave charge, we quote from the New York Morning News, which, alluding to the rebellion, says:

"The facts relating to it are astounding, and show how well the Whigs are entitled to the distinction which they claim as conservators of the peace. The seat of the anti-rent war is in the third Senate district of this State. Last year the Whig party supported for the Senate in that district the anti-rent candidate, and the Democratic candidate, a most worthy and estimable man, came near losing his election by the false reports spread among the tenants on the leasehold estates in regard to him. Since then, and during the present year, this anti-rent excitement has been blown into a maddened flame, and pushed on to rebellion and murder. And what do we find now? The Anti-Renters in the district have again nominated a candidate of their party for the Senate; the Whigs have nominated the same man, and are united with the Anti-Renters in their efforts to elect him. His name is raised at the head of the leading Whig paper of the State, late the State paper, as the candidate of the party. And while the Whigs are thus uniting in his support, he is making speeches at anti-rent meetings, and abusing the Governor and other Democratic authorities who are striving to uphold the laws and punish crime."

The Delaware Express, (Whig,) published at Delhi, refuses to support Mr. Van Schoonhooven, the nominee of the Whigs and Anti-Renters from the third district. Its comments are strong and pungent, and speak a language honorable to itself, and not to be misunderstood by its anti-rent Whig friends:

"Never will our support be given to such an one; never will the noble phalanx of law loving Whigs of old Delaware be given to the man that will thus cringe and succumb to as base a combination as that of the Anti-Renters, to win their support. We speak plainly, frankly, advisedly—painful though the duty be."

This language must be addressed to a majority of the Whigs, for the anti-rent portion succeeded in nominating a candidate, whose sentiments the Whig party is, of course, presumed to express. [*Enquirer.*

The valuable English balls, for removing grease and paint spots from cloth, &c., are made of fullers earth 30 parts, French chalk 1, part yellow soap 20 parts, pearl ash 15 parts. Make this into a paste with spirits of turpentine, and give it a slight color with a yellow ochre; then cut it into cakes. This is the London preparation.—*Louisville Demo.*

Awful Conflagration at Winchester!!

From the Winchester Virginian.

Taylor's Hotel in ruins! A fire broke out on Tuesday about 1 o'clock, P. M., in the room of one of the boarders, and that immense building is now in ashes. The flames communicated quickly with the building occupied as a Store by Geo. W. Hammond, and adjoining the hotel, on the South side, and that too was entirely destroyed. Mr. Hammond, however, we rejoice to announce, succeeded in saving the greater part of his large stock of goods. The wind was blowing a pretty strong gale at the time, and the sparks driven about in all directions, set fire to the Stable and Smoke House of Mr. Wm. Miller, and various other buildings on both sides of the Main Street; but owing to the praise-worthy vigilance of our energetic Fire Companies and our Citizens generally, it was prevented from extending further than the block of buildings known as Hoff's Row, some 50 yards distant from the scene of the chief conflagration. That block occupied chiefly as Lawyers and Sheriffs Offices, was entirely consumed, and now presents a heap of black and smouldering ruins. The Libraries and Papers of the Lawyers and Sheriffs were saved. Every House between the Hotel and the Farmer's Bank was on fire at different times during the day, but as the roofs were well guarded, and kept wet, they were saved, and hence their owners will sustain no other damage except what may have been occasioned by the removal of their property out of the way of danger. The Office of the Virginian, not 20 yards from the fire on Hoff's Row was in great danger, being several times on fire, but owing to the noble efforts of our Foreman, H. Brown, Messrs. James H. Copenhaver, and Mr. Noax, who was stationed upon the roof, plied the dry shingles with copious and constant streams of water, that building was saved, and thus of course was saved the large Store House of Jacob Senseney, Esq., of which this office is a part. The Court House was supposed at one time to be on fire, and as it stood within a few feet of the burning torrent which was sweeping along Hoff's Row, it is wonderful how it escaped. It is covered with Slate, and to this alone, we suppose, is its safety to be attributed. It was filled with the Goods of several of our Merchants, who had removed them there for safety, and if it had fallen a victim to the devouring element, the loss would have been very great.

Such a conflagration has never been seen before in Winchester by the oldest of our citizens. It commenced about 1 o'clock, and it was near sunset before it was subdued. Had the wind continued throughout the evening as it at one time threatened, the greater part of Winchester would be at this moment in ruins. We have cause to be thankful therefore, that we have escaped with comparatively, so little injury. We understand that Taylor's Hotel is insured to the amount of $20,000, and the loss of course will not be great to the proprietors. The buildings on Hoff's row were owned by the heirs of the late Mr. Von Raisen, but we have not been able to ascertain whether they were insured or not. We have heard no estimate yet of the loss which has been sustained.

For the Spirit of Jefferson.

MR. EDITOR:—As the time for the election of a successor to our present Governor is drawing near, it becomes us to be looking around for some suitable person to fill, for the next three years, that responsible office. And inasmuch as the public press has been made the medium through which the names of many individuals have been brought to the notice and consideration of the people of Virginia, and their claims to the Gubernatorial chair freely discussed and strongly urged, I avail myself of the same means to present the name of Judge HENRY ST. G. TUCKER, our own esteemed and honored fellow-citizen, and a man in every respect well qualified and suited to become Governor McDowell's successor. A life devoted to the service of his State has rendered his name and history familiar to every Virginian, and therefore to give, here, an account of his course of usefulness, would be uncalled for. It is true that his talents and ability might justly entitle him to a higher and more honorable station, yet they could be well employed in the administration of our State government, and that too, in a manner that would not only reflect dignity upon the office and the highest credit upon himself, but would inure, I have no doubt, to the lasting prosperity of our good old Commonwealth. Let it be remembered too, that while engaged in the various and responsible duties which his confiding countrymen assigned to him, and while he evinced a degree of faithfulness, during the whole of his public career, rarely equalled, his interest has ever been, and is now, identified with the most important and leading interest of the State,—I mean the agricultural. It is not supposed for a moment, however, from this fact, that he would be wanting in his attention to, and efforts to promote the other interest of the State. To elect him to the office of Governor would not be required to show our confidence in the integrity and ability of the man, for that has been evinced already so clearly as to render further evidence of it unnecessary, but his election is desired in view of the interest of the State.

A CITIZEN OF JEFFERSON COUNTY.

SNOW.—We had a slight foretaste of the joys of winter yesterday afternoon, in a flurry of snow which came dancing down as merrily as in midwinter. The season of ice and snow is rapidly approaching, and we should begin to think of the privations of those whom poverty has reduced to misery. Shall nothing be done to alleviate their sufferings? We trust that the benevolent, among our citizens, will at an early day, take measures to alleviate the condition of the poor.—*Buffalo Courier, Oct. 16.*

ROBBERY IN FRANKLIN, VA.—The house of Mr. Charles Pinckard, in Franklin Co., Va., was entered on the night of the 18th of September last, and robbed of gold, silver and bank notes to the amount of ten or twelve hundred dollars.—The night after, the house of Mr. Abram Dehaven, in the same neighborhood, was entered no doubt by the same persons, and robbed of between one and two hundred dollars in specie and notes, a new gold watch and a suit of men's clothes.—They also took three bonds, amounting to $1100. Suspicion rests upon two men, one from Georgia, calling his name Welch at one place and at another Carmel; the other from Tennessee, calling himself Siblet or Sibbet; both negro-traders. A reward of $700 is offered for the detection of the robbers, and recovery of the money and goods. [*Rockingham Register.*

Negro Ephraim, the property of the estate of Joshua Hutchinson, dec'd., charged with poisoning Melville Hutchinson, his wife and four of his children, was tried on Tuesday last by a Court of Oyer and Terminer for the County of Loudoun, found guilty, and sentenced to be hung on the first Friday of December next.

None of the persons poisoned having died, the Court united in petitioning the Governor for a commutation of the sentence to transportation. [*Leesburg Washingtonian.*

CAPITAL.—A lady made a beautiful counterpaine for Harry of the West, with a suitable inscription in the centre. A wag offers the following as a substitute:

"Beneath this quilt lies Henry Clay,
Whom locos put to bed one day.
Be quiet, Hal—to rise is vain,
Pressed down by many a counter-pain.
You're well tuck'd up—cease then to scoff,
You cannot "kick the kiver off!"

PLAN OF UNION.—A proposal has been made that a great meeting of evangelical Christians, of different Protestant churches and countries, should be held in London, for the purpose of associating and concentrating their strength and promoting the interests of Christianity throughout the world. A preliminary meeting took place in Liverpool the first of October, attended by some of the leading European minds.

A Cabbage has been grown in the garden of Bushrod Washington, Esq., near Charlestown, this season, weighing 18 pounds.

ARRIVAL OF THE HIBERNIA.

SEVEN DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

The Steamship Hibernia arrived at New York on Monday last, bringing intelligence seven days later than the Great Britian.

The news will be found of unusual interest to all classes of citizens, but more especially to those engaged in commercial and agricultural pursuits.

The Corn market continues firm, and the fine weather which prevailed last week at the sailing of the steamship, having been followed by repeated and heavy falls of rain, the market, in the early part of the present week acquired additional firmness, and continues so, with a slight drawback, at the present time. Large quantities of Flour are daily arriving from the United States and Canada; and from the nature of the advices recently sent across the Atlantic, the supply from those quarters, there is every reason to believe, will increase. From the cause at which we glanced in our last publication, the import rate on Wheat has advanced to 18s. the result of the inferior qualities thrown on the market.

The import duty on flour is now 10s. 10d. per barrel. In some instances, recently, Irish flour has received 1s. per sack, and Canadian 6d. per barrel, influenced by the large arrivals from the West, which amount, since Monday, to nearly 9000 barrels.

The Cotton market, which was dull this day week, at the sailing of the Great Britain, still continues in an inactive state. The quotations on most descriptions, except Sea Islands, have receded, 1-8d per lb., and at the time of writing the market is heavy, with a downward tendency. The absorbing feeling in railway shares may have partially contributed to this, and the rising price of provisions, with the approach of winter, is also to be taken into account. The Committee of Brokers have declared the price for the present week to be—Bowed 4½d; Mobile, 4⅝d; and Orleans, 5d.

The produce markets are not so active as they have been. Rice is less in demand. Sugar has receded a little, with less inquiry while the price of foreign coffee has improved a shade.

The rate of interest in England is rising, in consequence of the scarcity of money, superinduced by railway speculation. Some of the large discount houses decline to take any more bills at an interest of less than three per cent.—English stocks, which had receded about ¼ per cent., recovered yesterday their former prices, and consols closed at 98⅛ for money, and 98⅛ for account. Exchequer bills stand at 45s. to 47s. prem.

The Harvest.—The reports which have reached us since our last, respecting the progress made with the harvest in the north, are not of a character to allay the excitement previously felt on the subject. The heavy rain which fell up to the 21st instant was succeeded by dry but unusually cold weather. Sharp frosts were experienced on the nights of the 22d and 23 inst., and though the temperature has since risen, the shift of wind to the southward threatens a return of wet. The interval of dry weather has hitherto been of too short a duration to admit of much corn being carried, and the extreme cold has prevented that not before ripe making much progress towards maturity. It is, therefore, feared—and not without reason—that the more backward parts of the kingdom may fare even worse than the south; and as the reports of the yield from the forward districts do not by any means improve as threshing is proceeded with, the estimates of the results of the harvest becomes daily more discouraging. These considerations have had their effect on the minds of sellers as well as buyers, and, with a greater inclination to purchase, less disposition has been manifested to sell. The upward movement has, consequently, continued, and at some of the principal markets materially enhanced terms have been paid for Wheat.

By our Scotch advices, we learn that the harvest operations, which had been interrupted by the heavy rain that fell between the 16th and 22d, had again been actively resumed; it will, nevertheless, require some weeks of dry weather to get in what is still abroad. The lively reports from the south had caused sellers of wheat to demand materially enhanced terms. At Edingurgh the article rose about 3s. per qr. and at Glasgow the rise amounted to 2s 6d per boll, being equal to 5s per qr. Much anxiety was felt there to ascertain how far the potato crop had been injured by the disease so prevalent in England, but as nothing very positive is stated on the subject, we are inclined to think that the mischief is not great in that part of the kingdom.

From Ireland the complaints in regard to this matter are, however, becoming general; even along the west coast, where the crop was previously stated to have escaped injury, the root has, it is stated, been discovered to have been attacked. In the southern parts of the Island the bulk of the grain had, we are informed, been got in, and even in the north the fields were fast being cleared. On the whole, we are disposed to think that the harvest will turn out better in Ireland than on this side of the channel. The rise in the English markets had had the effect of causing an advance in the value of both wheat and oats.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET, Sept. 30.—The arrivals in this port during the week furnish a liberal supply of wheat, a moderate fair quantity of barley, oats, flour and oatmeal from Ireland, with several parcels of wheat and malt coatwise, and of wheat and beans from abroad; whilst from Canada and the States the inportation of flour is abundant, amounting together to 26,845 barrels.

LIVERPOOL CORN MARKET, Oct. 3.—Of any kind of English, Irish, or Foreign produce, the supplies received into this port since Monday last are comparatively light, except Flour from Canada and the United States, which, exclusive of the large arrivals previously noted, amount to 8916 barrels. An advance in the import rate on Foreign Wheat to 18s per quarter, and on Flour to 10s 10d per barrel, forms the only change in the duties for the week ensuing.

Oct. 3.—The import duty on wheat has advanced to 18s per quarter, which forms the only alteration since our last report. The weather has turned out very wet, and the northern harvest being protracted, has imparted a firmness to wheat. The little English on show met a more free sale, at fully Monday's rates, and there was more disposition shown to purchase bonded, but many holders being more sanguine, have withdrawn their samples from present sale. Malted barley scarce and wanted; malt the turn dearer; beans readily bring our previous currency; peas are offered cheaper. We have a good supply of Irish oats this week, about 5000 quarters of which are new corn. The sale continues contracted, although fully offered at a reduction of 6d per quarter.

IRELAND.—*Tipperary Banquet.*—At the late banquet, given to O'Connell by the Repealers of Tipperary, that gentleman, in the course of a long speech, made the following observations: "Let the cycle but come round for England, (and it is coming fast,) Ireland will have her own again, and England will be obliged to ask for that alliance which we are now ready to make—an alliance of separate States under the one monarch, with our own Parliament to protect us, as the sole source of legislation, for the country. Every opposition must shrink before the might and majesty of Ireland. Repeal will give to Ireland the waters of life pure and unalloyed, and unmixed with mephitic vapors. They shall be administered by a resident Parliament acting for the people—protecting and encouraging the industry of the land, and giving peace, liberty and prosperity to Old Ireland." O'Connell has emerged from his mountain home, and is again on the wing.—He has been lecturing a "Monster Demonstration" at Cashel, and his appearance at the Repeal Association has given a new impetus to the rent.

The sale of the real estate of the late Joseph Bonaparte, will take place at Bordentown, the 27th day of October.

MARRIED,

Near Harpers-Ferry, in Maryland, on the 21st inst. by the Rev. T. D. Hoover, Mr. THOMAS HANSON DERRY to Miss JULIAN GIDEON, both of Frederick county, Md.

On Tuesday last, by the Rev. Alexander Jones, BENJAMIN F. WASHINGTON, Esq., to Miss GEORGIANA H. RANSON, daughter of Capt. Jas. L. Ranson, of "Gap View," Jefferson county, Va.

On Sunday evening the 18th inst., by the Rev. John J. Suman, Mr. JOSEPH WHITTINGTON to Miss MARY DORSEY, all of Smithfield.

On Thursday evening, the 9th inst., at Upperville, Fauquier county, Va., by the Rev. H. W. Doge, ROBERT SINGLETON, Esq., to JULIA, daughter of Joel Z. Harper, Esq., formerly of Alexandria.

On the 5th instant, by the Rev. Mr. Lipscomb, Mr HEATON PURSELL to Miss PATIENCE OSBURN, daughter of Mr. Joel Osburn, all of Loudoun.

On Thursday evening the 9th inst., near Snickersville, by the Rev. R. H. Wilmer, Mr. DAVID T. PEARCE to Miss ORPHA A. BRADFIELD.

On the 8th instant, in Hagerstown, Md., by the Rev. F. Conrad, Rev. LLOYD KNIGHT, of Bloomfield, Perry county, Pa., to Miss HELEN, daughter of Mr. John Kealhoffer, of Hagerstown.

DIED,

On the 1st instant, at Rock Hall, JOSEPHINE RYLAND, in the 6th year of her age, daughter of Thomas Hite Willis, Esq. of this county.

On the 4th of October, in Hillsborough, JAMES BIRKIT, son of John Birkit, sen., aged 18 years.

On the evening of Thursday the 9th instant, at the City Hotel, Alexandria, in the 54th year of his age, CHARLES CATLETT, Esq. of Greenway, Loudoun County, Va.,

At St. Joseph's, Mo., of congestive fever, on the 16th of August, Mrs. ELIZA L. KIRBY, in the 28th year of her age. The deceased was a daughter of Mr. John Richardson of Clarke county, from whence she emigrated to Missouri with her husband, (whom she survived only a few weeks,) about a year before.

On the 5th of August, at the same place, and of the same disease, WILLIAM R., in the 4th year of his age; and on the 18th, E. B. in his 2d year, infant sons of C. C. and Eliza L. Kirby.

On Wednesday evening last, WILLIAM, an interesting and only son of Dr. Thomas Hammond, of Shepherdstown, aged 2 years and 6 months.

On Friday morning, the 17th inst., at the residence of his father, Dr. Richard McSherry, of Martinsburg, the Rev. WILLIAM MCSHERRY, in the 21st year of his age.

On the 7th inst., at the residence of Thomas Powel, in Berkeley, Mr. HILARY TURNER, in the 64th year of his age.

At Alexandria, on the morning of the 15th inst., Mr. THOMAS VOWELL, one of the oldest inhabitants of that town, of which he has been a resident about fifty-seven years, and filled many respectable situations with credit.

[COMMUNICATED.]

Departed this life, on the 7th inst., near Georgetown, Brown county, Ohio, SARAH ELIZABETH, consort of Dr. Alexander B. Heterick, and only child of Samuel and Elizabeth Horn, in the 23rd year of her age.

The death of this beautiful and estimable woman will cast a gloom, a dark gloom, over the once sunny hours of her affectionate husband and devoted parents, and her loss will be severely felt by all who became acquainted with her. She died as she had lived, a devoted Christian. She bore her protracted suffering (which was of a pulmonary character) with patience, and yielded up her breath with a bright prospect of eternal life. H.

The Markets.

BALTIMORE MARKET—

Reported weekly for the "Spirit of Jefferson," by WILLIAM RATLIFF, Flour and Commission Merchant and General Produce Dealer, Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, WEDNESDAY NIGHT, October 22, 1845.

DEAR SIR:—Since writing you last week, we have been in a continual excitement. On Thursday last we received the accounts per the Great Britain, and the price of wheat and flour went up some 50 cents per bbl. Sales on Thursday at $4 75 a $5; on Friday at $5 a $5 12½, and on Saturday and Monday $5 25. Yesterday we received seven days later accounts, which is considered unfavorable to shippers, and to-day we have a dull market. Superfine flour from stores $5 12½ to $5 25. Fine flour $4 87½. Car price is unsettled.

WHEAT—White to-day will not command over $1 10, red wheat $1 02 to $1 05 for good to prime; inferior wheat at less price.

Yellow Corn 62 to 64 cents; white corn 62 cents.—Oats is scarce; selling at 37½ to 38 cents. The excitement has subsided and sellers of flour are willing to meet the shippers at something less than $5 25, but it is hard to give a correct quotation.

The steamer Great Western is out twelve days to-day, and the news by her, seven days later than that brought by the Hibernia, may be expected on Sunday or Monday, until which time there will probably be but few transactions.

Miscellaneous Notices.

School Commissioners.

An adjourned meeting of the School Commissioners for Jefferson county will take place on Friday the 31st inst., at which time all unsettled accounts must be presented. A full attendance of the Board is requested.

Oct. 24, 1845.

☞ The Rev. Mr. BAKER, of Winchester, will preach in the Methodist Episcopal Church, Charlestown, on tomorrow night, (Saturday) at early candle light.

Oct. 24, 1845.

☞ Providence permitting, a Protracted Meeting will be held in the Methodist E. Church in Smithfield, commencing on Saturday, 25th of October.

Oct. 17, 1845.

Education Meeting.

The citizens of Clarke County, of all parties, are invited to attend a general meeting, on Monday the 27th instant, (Court-day,) for the purpose of expressing their opinion upon the subject of General Education, and of appointing delegates to attend the Richmond Convention.

Oct. 17, 1845.

☞ The Pew Rents in the Presbyterian Church were due on the 1st of October. Renters will please make payment immediately to GEORGE L. STEWART, who is authorized to receive them. Oct. 3.

DENTISTRY.

DR. McCORMICK respectfully informs the citizens of Jefferson that he will visit Charlestown, professionally, on the 8th December, and remain the balance of the month.

Oct. 24, 1845—6t.

SAPPINGTON'S

THREE-STORY BRICK HOTEL,
WHITE PORTICO IN FRONT,
CHARLESTOWN, JEFFERSON COUNTY, VIRGINIA.

October 24, 1845.

Trustee's Sale.

BY virtue of a Deed of Trust, executed by John Duckwall, to the subscriber, as Trustee, dated the 10th day of March, 1842, to secure the payment of certain sums of money therein specified, which deed is duly recorded in the Clerk's Office of Jefferson county, Va., I will sell, at public sale, in front of Carter's Hotel, in Charlestown, *on Saturday the 15th day of November*, 1845, for ready money,

All the Interest

Of the said John Duckwall in the *FARM* upon which he now resides, in the county of Jefferson—being three-sevenths of the same—lying on Bullskin, adjoining the lands of Warner W. Throckmorton, Francis McCormick and others. All the improvements of the above farm are on the part conveyed in said deed.

Such title as is vested in the undersigned, will be made to the purchasers. Sale to take place at 12 o'clock, M., on day and place above mentioned. CHAS. H. CLARK.

Oct. 24, 1845.

To the Owners of Horses.

THE undersigned would give notice to Farmers and others of Jefferson, Clarke, and the adjoining counties, that he will give his attention exclusively to the cure of those dangerous diseases of the horse, the Fistula and Pole Evil. He has in his possession certificates from several gentlemen of Charlestown, who have seen a complete cure effected by his mode of treatment. His charges are ten dollars for curing either of the above diseases, and if there is no cure he will ask no pay. Recipes of his mode of treatment will be furnished for five dollars. DAVID SHRODES.

Oct. 24, 1845—3t.

CRIB BLANKETS.—Just received a few pairs fine Crib Blankets, with a large lot of heavy Negro Blankets at low prices.

Oct. 24. E. M. AISQUITH.

PORTER, for sale by
Oct. 3. KEYES & KEARSLEY.

N. CARROLL MASON, ATTORNEY AT LAW,

PRACTISES in the Courts of Clarke, Warren, Jefferson and Loudoun counties.
☞Office in Berryville, Virginia.
Oct. 24, 1845—3m.

Dissolution.

THE copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of William Harmison & Co., has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. The stock of the firm and debts due it are transferred to William Harmison, to whom the debts of the firm will be paid, and by whom business will be continued.
WILLIAM HARMISON,
JEREMIAH HAWKINS.
Berkeley Springs, Va., Oct. 24, 1845—4t.

Furniture, Furniture! AND Cabinet-Making Establishment.

THE undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Mill Creek and its vicinity, that he has just commenced in this place the

Cabinet-Making Business,

In all its various branches. He has now on hand, and will manufacture to order at the shortest notice, every description of

FURNITURE,

which he will sell on liberal terms, and take in exchange, all kinds of country produce at market prices.

He would also give notice that he has provided himself with a good HEARSE, and will at all times be prepared to furnish COFFINS, (Walnut Cherry or Mahogany,) and convey them promptly to any part of the County, at the shortest notice, and upon the most reasonable terms.

A call from the public is most respectfully solicited, as by long experience in business and a desire to please, the undersigned believes he can give general *satisfaction*.
SAMUEL SNOOK.
Mill Creek, Berkeley Co., Va., Oct. 24, 1845—3m.

N. B.—To his old friends in Jefferson, he begs leave to say that he will be yet pleased to furnish them with any thing in his line. His wagon will deliver, regularly, Furniture at Smithfield, Charlestown and Harpers-Ferry. So look out, you that want good Furniture at a low price. S. S.

Coughs and Colds.

THOMPSON'S Compound Syrup of Tar and Naptha, to cure Consumption. The Philadelphia Chronicle, alluding to this powerful remedy, says:—"The success which attends its administration in Consumption and *all Pulmonary complaints*, has absolutely astonished us, and many who have been pronounced incurable, have, by the use of this remedy, entirely recovered. Its merits we are glad to find, are becoming extensively known, and we trust that the thousand or thousands, who are smitten with that dread malady, Consumption, will avail themselves of the almost certain benefit the use of this medicine will confer. Wherever it has been used it has met with astonishing success; we therefore confidently recommend it to the consumptive patient."
For sale by E. M. AISQUITH.
Oct. 24, 1845.

New Fall and Winter Goods.

THE subscribers have recently purchased in Philadelphia and Baltimore, and just received, their fall supply of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, consisting in part of

English and French cloths; plain and fancy Cassimeres; Beaver cloths of every shade and price; plain and plaid sattinets; Mackinaw and point blankets; brown and bleached domestics; tickings, drills and osnaburgs; Cashmere de Ecosse, Mousline de Laines, and woolen plaids; bl'k, plaid, and changeable Alpaccas; black, green, and brown merinoes; fancy hankfs. and scarfs; black and white silk thread and net goods; jaconet, Swiss and mull muslins; plain check and lace striped cambric; Irish linen and linen lawn; linen cambric, plain and hemstitched hdkfs, silk, cotton and Madras hdkfs.; black silk, linen and Lisle laces; Ladies' and gents gloves and hosiery; black and fancy silk cravats; black and fancy gimps and fringes, flannels and linseys; jet necklaces, hair pins and bracelets, elastic worsted and cotton suspenders, &c., together with a very large assortment of

Boots, Shoes, Hats and Caps, Glassware, Queensware, Hardware, and Groceries,

Which they can afford to sell on the most favorable terms, from the fact of their having been purchased much cheaper than they could possibly have been, earlier in the season.
Oct. 24, 1845. CRANE & SADLER.

Calicoes.

150 PIECES CALICOES, new styles from 10 cents to 25 cents per yard.
Oct. 24. HARRIS, HAMMOND & Co.

Tobacco & Cigars.

VERY super chewing Tobacco;
" " Cigars warranted good.
Oct. 24, HARRIS, HAMMOND & Co.

Thomas Rawlins

HAS just received a large and general assortment of *Hardware, Cutlery, Stoves, Carpenter's Tools*, Groceries, Tobacco, Segars, &c. &c. which he invites all to examine before purchasing elsewhere, as he is convinced that his assortment cannot be beat for variety or cheapness. Oct 24, 1845.

STOVES.—Just received a few Stoves, which I will sell low for cash.
Oct. 24 THOS. RAWLINS.

Staple Goods.

THE attention of every one seeking bargains and good Goods, is asked to our stock of Staple Goods.
Super white and red flannels,
Rodger's sup patent Welch do
Negro blankets, very cheap,
Super Whitney do do all sizes,
Cradle and Crib do do
4-4 and 7-8 brown cottons,
Brown and bleached sheetings, 5 and 12 qr.
Irish linens, bleached shirtings, good assort't,
Furniture and apron checks, col'd cambrics,
Cotton laps 1 and 1-2 lb bundles,

PRINTS—Good dark calicoes only 6¼ cents per yard; great variety of other styles from 6 up to 31 cents.

GROCERIES—A well assorted stock of super Family Groceries.

QUEENSWARE—A general assortment.
Oct. 24. MILLER & TATE.

The Ladies

WILL please call and examine my assortment of Fire Irons, table cutlery, scissors, penknives, needles, &c., all new.
Oct. 24. THOS. RAWLINS.

Groceries.

THE subscribers are now receiving a large supply of Groceries, including Loaf Sugar, Double Refined ditto, Brown do. N. O. Molasses, Porto Rico Syrup; African, Cuba, Padang, Java and Rio Coffee.
Oct. 24. KEYES & KEARSLEY.

Segars.

A LARGE assortment genuine Imported Plantation; Light and Dark Regalias; Regalia Cazadores; Canones; La Norma; Trabuco; Principe; Havanna; Spanish and Half Spanish Segars. Also, 1 case super Peach Leaf tobacco, just received by THOMAS RAWLINS.
Oct. 24, 1845.

Bacon, Feathers and Lard,

FOR sale for *Cash*, by
Oct. 24. J. J. MILLER & WOODS.

LADIES CLOAKS.—*Various new styles of* Cloaking for Ladies and Children. Also, one handsome and fashionably made French Cloth Cloak for a Lady, made and trimmed in the city of Baltimore, for sale at
Oct. 24. E. M. AISQUITH'S.

List of Delinquents.

A LIST of Delinquents in the Parish Levy for the year 1844, published by order of the Overseers of the Poor of Jefferson County:

A
Jonathan M Anderson & two Sons
John Avis
H V Andrews
Francis Anderson
Robert Ainsworth
Robert Arthur
James Armstrong
B
Harman Butler
George W Buzzard
John Bridner
James Baxter
John Buhl
William Brotherton
Abraham Berlin
John Berlin
William Baden
Corbin Baker
William Benner
George Bennett
John M Barnes
Joseph A Brua
William Black
William R Brent
Nathaniel Baker
James Blanchfield
John Boyce
John E Boyce
Henry Byers, of John
Thomas Bennicks
Seth Baldwin
John N Burnside
C
John Clauson
John Coleman
Charles Cross
Michael Carbaugh
Daniel Chambers
Joseph Curry
Joseph A Curry
Martin Crow
Enoch Chambers
John W Crutchley
Jacob Crowl
Michael Crowl and Son
James Caten
John Cross
Thomas Cunningham
John Cunningham
James Carter
Eleazer Carney
John Cunningham
John T Clipp
Jacob Crim
Albin Chapman
Joshua Chapman
Perry Christea
Michael J Creamer
John Cunning
Jacob Croft
Patrick Christia
Thomas Cunan
John Cunningham
Joseph Caldwell
Henry Crawford
Jacob Cook
Henry Cline
John Cornine
John Carter
Joseph H. Copenhaver
Washington Colbert
Corbin Crow
David Conner
Jacob Cook
John Criswell
Wm Callahan and Son
John Chapman
D
Richard Dodge
Levi Dillow
Thomas Dillow
John Dillow
John Duke
John Dickey
James Duncanson
George W Dutro
Hugh Donoho
Florence Donavin
Joseph C Davis
Grafton Daily
John Dence
John W Dobson
Thomas Dobson
James Daily
Henry Dobson
E.
James Earnshaw
James Eversole
Joseph Edwards
Beverly Engle
Philip Entler
Philip Entler of Joseph
Abraham S Eaty
James Entler
Thomas Edwards, sen.
F
Alexander Fox
George W Fairfax
Thomas Fowler
John Fouke
Francis Fitzsimmons
Michael Flinn
Henry W Flood
John W Ferguson
Moses Ferguson
Thomas P Flood
David Farnsworth, sen
Owen Flaherty
Patrick Farley
Dennis Foley
Michael Fouke
James Fitch
Samuel Fitch
Christian Fouke
G
Patrick Garry
Wm H Goldsborough
Abraham Grove
James Giddy
Robert Graham
Samuel Goins
David Gary
George Gompf
Thomas Graham
William Greer
James Greer
James Greaves
Samuel Green
James Giddenger
Jacob Grenhols
Adam Greenwall
Adam Grubb
Samuel Gentle
John Gray
John Griggs
William Good
George Good
Charles Gibb
William Gallaway
Patrick Gallaher
Joseph Gaghnon
John Ganande
George Gibbs
Joseph Gardner
Wm Gant
Wm Grady
H
James Hughes
James Hawk
George Hawk
Elijah Hawk
Samuel Hardy
Wm House
John Hett
Edward Harding
Pascal R. Hoffman
Charles Holt
James Holt
Jonathan S Hartshorn
Robert H Hoffman
John Holt
Armistead Hobbs
John Howell
John Huff
Christopher Horniger
George Hearover
John Hafer, Sen.
Jacob Haynes, jr.
Thomas Hogan
Patrick Hopkins
Samuel Hosier
Franklin Haley
James Hendricks
David Hoffman, Sen.
John Hill
George Harris
Nicholas Harman
I J
John Ingram
Charles Ingram
Richard Johnson
Archibald Jackson
Richard Jolly
Horatio Jarboe and Son
Wm Johnson
Samuel Johnson
Charles Jackson
K
John Knox and Son
John Kunkle
M T Krepps
Christian Krepps
Joab Krepps,
Abraham Kemp
Jacob Kemp
Joseph Kearby
Thomas Keen
George Keleson
John Kemp & 1 Slave
James Kidwell
Daniel G Krout
Peter Keyes
L
Hugh Lynch
Jacob Lucker
Wm H. Laley
John Larkin
Joshua Little
John Lewis
William Lloyd
Jacob Loyd
Michael Loughran
Zachariah Lock
Samuel Lindsay,
Nathaniel R Loughdon
Joseph Lee
John Linton
Peter Little
M
Jesse Matheny
Michael McKinney
Joseph McFaden
Hiram McKinney
William Medler
Austin McKinney
Joseph McKee
N. W. Massie
Joseph McClung
Joseph Matthews
Samuel McKinsey
William Merrick
James Martin
Matthew McCormick
John McGowan
George Miller
Alfred Mitchel
William McClenan
John Myers
John Morningstar
Andrew Miller
Aaron McBride
George McCarty
Henry Miller
Edward Migley
Michael Manahan
Dennis McCullough
Peter McKanna
Samuel Miller and Son
Charles Miller
Wm McCoy
Jacob McGahy
James McGraw
Robert McKinney
Jacob Miller
N
Conrad Nunebarger
Wm N Nelson
John Nichols
William Noose
Arthur Neff
Francis M Nicholls
John Noland
George Needy
O
George W Ott and Son
Israel Ott
Samuel O'Bannon
Patrick O'Brien
Edward O'Brien
Thomas Ohearm
Philip Ott
John A O'Riely
Thomas O'Brien
P
David Pearl
George Pearl
Wm Prim
Lewis Piper
Jacob Piper
Wm Painter
George Painter
Wm H Pennell
David Potts jr
John Potts
John T Pierce
Sidney A Pilcher
Steven Palmer
John Payne
James Painter
Lemuel Parvis
Jonathan Painter
John Peterson
Abraham Peters
Samuel W Paterson
Thomas Pollard
John A Peffer
Wm Price
Wm Pence
Wm Peterbenner
R
Wm Russell
John Reiche
Henry Racob
John Rokenbaugh jr
Armistead Roderick
Abner Roderick
James Rollins
Isaac Richardson
John Reilly
Hezekiah Roderick
John Roderick
R A T Richardson
George Reickstrider
Samuel Resser
John Rivers
John Reynolds
John Roderick
Wm H Rollins
Wm Rankin
Daniel Rariden
Francis Riley
John H Reed
Adam Rightstine
S
Adam Snyder
John Stephens
Thomas Strider
George Sargent
Gillian Smith
John W Smallwood
Levi Stidman
John D Stipes
Martin Smith
Wm Shackleford
Lawson Shackleford
John Sheeler
Frederick Shipley
Lewis Shew
Christopher Slaven
George Shutt
Thomas Smith
David Sulson
Wm Smitson
Daniel M Sheetz
Jacob Sleppy
Patrick Scott
Edward Sullivan
Eli Stephens
Adam Smith
Henry Smith
Michael Shoe
Philip Staub
Henry Sigafoose
Barnet Stewart
Theobald Snyder
Thomas R Stephens
John Sulser
George W. Shindler
Henry Selby
John Stephens
David Shull
John Smith
John Stewart
John Shackleford
T
Wm Tally
John Thomas
Wm Taylor
Solomon Trail
John Thompson
Barnet Turbeck
Joseph Thomson
Wm Thompson
Charles Teyes
Jacob Thompson
V
Robert Vinsonheller
W
Henry Walthan
James G Wilson
John W Winn
John Wiggenton
John Well & apprentice
Esau Wood
Morris White
Joseph Walsh
Philip Winkle
Wm Watson
John Wiltshire
Jacob Welsh
William Wilson
Aaron Wiltshire
Joseph Whittington
Alexander Watson
James Way
Patrick Welsh
Thomas Whitmore
John Wright
Lewis Wysong
John Winebrenner
Philip Wintermoyer
Daniel Weise
Charles Wright
John Widdows
Wm Henry Wiseman
Isaac Widdows
Hiram Waters
Y
Wm Young
Cornelius Yontz
Martin Yontz
Jacob Yontz
Z
Daniel Zombro
John Zimmerman
Charles Zorger
Armistead Zorger
George Zombro
John Zombro

FREE NEGROES.
Joseph Baker
Thornton Alexander
Andrew Alexander
Anderson Alexander
Joseph Butler
John Brien
George Brown
Wm Bateman
James Bateman
Hence Butler
Wm Costly
Jacob Freeman sen
Jacob Freeman jr
Albert Freeman
George Freeman
John Curtil
John Gunby
Henry Goins
Jeremiah Harris
Lemuel Ingram
Nero Lawson
Charles Lawson
David Lowry
Jonathan Lucas
George McDaniel
George Newman
Wm Ramsey
Samuel Williams
Lewis Manning
Anthony Welcome
Harry Warfield
Wesley Price
Thomas Goins
George Jones
Turner Freeman
James Newman
Nace Johnson
Stewart Hackney
Joseph Moore
Henry Gray
Lindsey Pratt
James Hatter
John Willett.
Oct. 24, 1845.

Lime, Lime.

300 BUSHELS of Stone Lime on hand and for sale low by
Oct. 24. S. HEFLEBOWER & CO.

Prime Family Bacon.

A LOT of choice Hams, Shoulders and Midlings, for family use, just received and for sale low by S. HEFLEBOWER & CO.
Kabletown, Oct. 24, 1845.

ORANGES, for sale by
Oct. 24. JOHN H. BEARD.

Brick for Sale.

ONE hundred thousand first rate Brick for sale, *cheap* for cash or good paper, by
Oct. 24. WM. S. LOCK.

Bacon and Lard,

FOR sale cheap by
Oct. 24. WILLIAM S. LOCK.

Cashmeres and Mouslins.

WE have on hand a very large and well selected Stock of Cashmeres and Mouslins, to which we invite the ladies to call and take a look.
Oct. 24. HARRIS, HAMMOND & Co.

Cloths, Cassimeres & Vestings.

THE gentlemen are particularly requested to call and examine our Stock of Cloths, *Cassimeres and Vestings*, as we have a great variety of new styles, which can be sold at prices to suit the times.
Oct. 24. HARRIS, HAMMOND & Co.

Shirts, Shirts!

GENTLEMEN'S Woolen Shirts,
" Silk do very super for sale by HARRIS, HAMMOND & Co.
Oct. 24, 1845.

To Invalids.

JUST received, a few pairs of those celebrated Electric Hair Gloves and Belts.
Oct. 24. E. M. AISQUITH.

Hats and Caps.

FINE Beaver Hats;
Wool and Glazed do.;
Cloth Caps.
Oct. 24. HARRIS, HAMMOND & Co.

COAL STOVES.

THE attention of those in want of COAL STOVES is invited to the improved kind that is now being manufactured at the Harpers-Ferry Foundry, which consists of five different sizes, suitable for Offices, Shops, Stores, Churches, &c. *Also* on hand, *Hot-Air Cooking Stoves*, which will be delivered and set up in any section of the country they may be wanted.

WANTED—A large quantity of Old Copper and Brass, and old Cast and Wrought Iron, which will be taken in exchange, at the highest price, for any thing in my line.
HUGH GILLEECE.
Harpers-Ferry, Oct. 17, 1845—4t.

N. B. Wanted to learn the Moulding Business a BOY 15 or 16 years of age. One from the country would be preferred. None but a Boy of steady habits need apply. H. G.

New Fall and Winter Goods.

THE subscribers are now receiving and opening their supply of *FALL AND WINTER GOODS*, which is one of the most general and best selected stocks they have ever had the pleasure of offering. If their present stock merely comprised those descriptions of goods usually kept in a country retail house, they would deem a catalogue unnecessary, but as they have so many new and elegant styles of goods, they have thought it not out of place to enumerate a part of them, so as to give their friends some idea of their extensive stock.

By reference to their advertisements under various heads, a partial enumeration will be found. They respectfully invite the public to call and look through; they will take pleasure in showing their goods, whether purchases be made or not.
Oct. 17. MILLER & TATE.

Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings.

SUPER jet black French Cloths,
Do. blue, black, invis. green, brown and blue, English and American do
A great variety of super beaver, gold-mixed Tweeds, and French doe Skins and waved cloths for overcoats, sacks, and business coats,
Also, very heavy pilot do.

CASSIMERES—Best blk French, doe skin, (warranted never to change color,) fancy *Cassimeres, in the newest and most approved style*,
Also, plaid and fancy Sattinets,
Rich striped and figured silk Velvet,
Cassimere, merino, valencia, black satin (extra quality,) fancy and black silk vestings, all of the most desirable styles.
Also, black Italian, fancy satin, rich plaid, blk satin, Madrass, and other styles of scarfs and cravats;
Also, collars, gloves in great variety, suspenders, hosiery, pocket hdkfs., &c. &c.
Oct. 17. MILLER & TATE.

TWO Cases 30 hour Clocks, just received and for sale low by
S. HEFLEBOWER & CO.
Kabletown, Oct. 3, 1845.

OYSTERS! OYSTERS!!

GEORGE B. MONROE respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he will open his *OYSTER-HOUSE* and be prepared to serve up **Oysters** on Monday next.

He has made arrangements to receive DAILY, from Baltimore, the largest, richest, and most delicious Oysters that the market affords, and will dispose of them by the CAN or PLATE.

He invites one and all to "come, taste and try," feeling assured they will pronounce his room tidily kept, and his Oysters a delicious article.

Room, a few doors East of the Court-house.
Oct. 17, 1845—3t.

New Fall and Winter Goods.

THE subscribers are now receiving at their Store a large and well selected assortment of Goods. KEYES & KEARSLEY.
Oct. 17, 1845.

New Goods.

WE are now receiving our Stock of *FALL AND WINTER GOODS*, purchased in the markets of Philadelphia and Baltimore.—We invite a call from those who are anxious to get bargains.
Oct. 17. HARRIS, HAMMOND & CO.

New Goods.

WE are receiving our Fall and Winter Goods. CRANE & SADLER.
October 17, 1845.

Extensive Assortment of Fancy Goods.

WE most respectfully ask the attention of the Ladies to our extensive assortment of elegant and fashionable Fancy Goods—
Splendid Brocade and other new styles of Silks;
Rich figured black do.;
Super (all wool) French Cassimeres;
Do do do Mouslines;
Do do do Rept Cashmeres,
Do colored and black Alpaccas;
Plain black Silks;
Super Watered do for Capes;
Best col'd Kid Gloves, new style;
Black do. White do.;
Silk and Zefler Worsted Mitts;
Super English Silk Hose;
Cashmere, Lambs-wool and Thibet do.;
Black Cotton do., first rate for only 12½ cents;
Bonnet Sattins, Ribbons and Flowers, and Bonnet Frames of the Fall shape;
Fancy Velvet, Silk and Sattin Cravats;
Trimmings of every description, viz:—Colored Velvet Ribbons, Gimp Cords, Cords and Tassels;
Elegant Cloakings, Linings, &c.
Oct. 17. MILLER & TATE.

HATS AND CAPS.—Fashionable Beaver Hats;
Cloth, velvet, silk, plush, and oil-cloth Caps of the best styles. MILLER & TATE.
Oct. 17, 2845.

BOOTS AND SHOES.—Men's, boys' and youth's coarse and fine Boots;
Do do do Shoes;
Children's and Misses Shoes.
Oct. 17. MILLER & TATE.

Latest Arrival of New and Cheap Goods.

THE subscriber has just returned from Market with a handsome assortment of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, which was purchased for cash, and will be sold at the lowest possible prices.

His assortment consists in part as follows, viz:
Sup. Blue, Black and Invisible Green Cloths;
Cassimeres of every kind and pattern;
Silk Velvet, Sattin, and Merino Vestings of every pattern and quality;
Sattinetts and Kentucky Jeans;
Cashmeres and Mouselin de Laines;
Cashcasser, a new and beautiful article for Ladies Dresses;
Alpaccas, various colors;
A splendid assortment of Prints, foreign and domestic, of the latest styles;
Ladies Bl'k and col'd Kid Gloves, fine quality;
Gent's. Winter do do do.;
Hosiery of every description;
Plaid and Fulled Linseys;
Flannels, assorted colors and qualities;
Ladies Shawls and Hdkfs.;
1000 pairs of Boots and Shoes;
Ladies Kid Walking Shoes;
Do French Kid Slippers, Paris Manufacture;
Misses and children's Shoes;
Youth's and boys' do.;
Super Beavor and Moleskin Hats;
Do Plush Caps, a new article;
Hardware and Cutlery;
Groceries,—and almost every article that can be asked for.

My friends and the public are invited to call and examine my stock, and judge for themselves.
JOHN G. WILSON.
Harpers-Ferry, Oct. 17. [F. Press copy.

McIntosh Coats.

FOR sale, two of these celebrated Water-proof Coats, warranted to resist rain for forty days and nights. E. M. AISQUITH.
Oct. 17, 1845.

SHAWLS.—Ladies wanting handsome Shawls would act wisely, by taking a look at a few just received by E. M. AISQUITH.
Oct. 17, 1845.

CALICOES.—Purchasers wanting Calicoes, will find the prettiest, cheapest, and newest styles at E. M. AISQUITH'S.
Oct. 17, 1845.

GUNS.—*Just received*, two splendid Double-barreled Fowling Pieces, with plenty of Powder, Shot, Caps, &c.
Oct. 17. E. M. AISQUITH.

Splendid Silks.

JUST received, *by express*, a few pieces of most splendid and new style Silks;
Rich Cashmere Shawls;
Rich Prints; and many new and beautiful Goods, making our assortment *very complete*. We invite the ladies to call.
Oct. 17. J. J. MILLER & WOODS.

Tobacco.

ANOTHER supply of that very fine chewing Tobacco; a few very good Segars.
Oct. 17. WM. S. LOCK.

Shoes, Boots, Hats and Caps.

FOR sale, heavy home-made coarse and fine Shoes, every description of eastern made boots and shoes; among them may be found extra size brogans and coarse boots, patent and other gum shoes for ladies, a great variety of hats and caps for sale. WM. S. LOCK.
October 17, 1845.

WANTED—Bacon, Lard, Soap, Candles, Tallow, Beeswax, Rags, Hay, Straw, Oats, Corn, Corn Meal, Flour, Wheat, good paper or money, and in short, almost every article the farmer has to sell, will be taken in exchange for goods at fair cash prices. WM. S. LOCK.
October 17, 1845.

SPERM OIL.—The best quality of Winter-Strained Sperm Oil, for sale by
Oct. 17. JOHN H. BEARD.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to Israel Russell, by open account, note, or otherwise, are hereby notified that their debts have been transferred to the undersigned, for the benefit of certain creditors of said Israel Russell. Those so indebted are requested to call at the Store, at once, and pay or settle their dues.
WM. B. THOMPSON,
ISAAC FOUKE,
Harpers-Ferry, Oct. 10, 1845—3t. *Trustees.*

Groceries.

STRONG Rio Coffee;
New Orleans Sugar;
Loaf Sugar, low price and double refined;
New Orleans and S. H. Molasses, &c., for sale by F. DUNNINGTON.
Leetown, Sept., 26, 1845.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS.

THE Battalion Courts of enquiry for the 89th Regiment will be held as follows:

For the first Battalion at the house of Wm. M. Johnson, in the valley, on Saturday, the 15th day of November.

For the 2nd Bat'n. at the house of Peter Caughlan, in the town of Bath, on Saturday the 22d of November.

The Regimental Court of Enquiry for the 89th Reg't. will be held at the house of Peter Caughlan, in the town of Bath, on Saturday, the 29th day of November. The hour of meeting for each Court will be 11 o'clock, A. M.
WM. HARMISON, Col. 89th R. V. M.
Morgan co. Va., Oct. 10, 1845.

MILLINERY.

MRS. E. M. PENNINGTON, having returned from Baltimore, would respectfully solicit the Ladies to call and examine her Fall Supply of

Millinery, Artificial Flowers, &c.,

All new, and selected with the the greatest care, and in deference to the taste of the Ladies of this town and vicinity. She has procured the latest Fall and Winter FASHIONS, and is now prepared to furnish all kinds of work in her line, with taste, and in the latest style.
Oct. 10, 1845—3t.

THE FASHIONS.

MISS MARIA HOOPER has received the Fall and Winter Fashions of MILLINERY, and is prepared to make Bonnets, to order, in the most fashionable style. Dresses also made in the neatest and most substantial manner.
Oct. 10, 1845.—3t.

ATTENTION, LADIES!

MRS. SARAH V. NORTH, grateful to the Ladies of Charlestown and vicinity for the liberal patronage bestowed upon her during the last season, begs leave to inform them that she still continues to do all work belonging to the

Mantua-Making Business.

She has just received from the East the latest and most approved *Patterns for Dresses, Cloaks, &c.*, and she invites the Ladies to call and examine them. As heretofore, all work entrusted to her charge, shall be executed in the neatest, most fashionable and durable style—at the shortest notice, and on the most reasonable terms.
Oct. 10, 1845—3t.

Something New.

WILLIAM RIGHTSTINE, MERCHANT TAILOR,
SHEPHERDSTOWN, VA.,

HAS just returned from Baltimore with an entire new assortment of

Cloths, Cassimeres, Sattinetts, Vestings, &c.

His assortment consists in part of
Sup. Blue, Black and Invisible Green CLOTHS;
Black and Fancy CASSIMERES;
With a variety of VESTINGS, Fancy and other Patterns.

He will sell and make to order, Coats, Pants, Vests, &c., at the shortest notice, and in the most workmanlike manner, and upon terms that cannot fail to please.

As his Stock was carefully laid in by himself, and purchased for cash, he feels confident that he can make it the interest of his friends and the public generally, to give him a call before purchasing elsewhere. His old customers will please call and examine his stock.
Shepherdstown, Oct. 10, 1845—tf.

RAGS WANTED.

GOOD mixed RAGS taken in trade for Books and Stationery, *at the lowest market rates*, consisting in part of Family and School Bibles, Testaments, Readers, Spellers, Grammars, Geographies, Primmers, Letter and Foolscap Writing Paper, Wrapping Paper, Bonnet Boards, Quills, Wafers, Steel Pens, Ink, and every article in the Book and Stationery line.

Country Merchants and others would do well to send us their Rags, as we sell to them in trade at cash prices, at
PARSONS & PRESTON'S
Wholesale Book and Stationery Store,
and Blank Book Manufactory,
No. 151 Pratt street.
Baltimore, Oct. 10, 1845—3t.*

Corn & Cob Crusher, for Sale.

A GREAT BARGAIN.

THE subscriber has on hand and wishes to sell a Corn and Cob Crusher, patented by Joseph Baldwin. Any person wishing to purchase such an article can procure one at a very moderate price, as he will dispose of this at one half of the original cost. J. L. ROBERTS.
Brucetown, Oct. 10, 1845.—3t.

NOTICE.

PURCHASERS at the Trustee's Sale of the property of John Sharff, which took place on the 12th day of April last, are hereby notified that their notes will be due on the 12th day of the present month, and are requested to call on the subscriber and settle them.
HENRY BEDINGER, *Trustee.*
Charlestown, Oct. 10, 1845.

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE subscriber having just returned from the Eastern Markets, now takes pleasure in offering to his friends and the public generally, a large and general assortment of

Goods for Gentlemen's Wear,

consisting of *Cloths, Cassimeres, Sattinetts and Vestings*, of every variety, style, color and quality, to which he invites the attention of all who feel disposed to examine his Goods, or to purchase Clothing; and he would here say, to those who wish to buy, that his prices shall not be a barrier, either for cash, or on a short credit.

He tenders his sincere acknowledgments to a generous public, for the very liberal encouragement which he has received in his present business, and hopes by strict attention, and a desire to please all, to merit and receive a continuance of public favor. JAMES CLOTHIER.
Oct. 10, 1845.

Fall and Winter Goods.

I AM now receiving and opening my supply of *FALL AND WINTER GOODS*, which have been selected with great care in the Philadelphia and Baltimore Markets, to which I invite the attention of my customers and the public generally. WM. S. LOCK.
Oct. 10, 1845.

Cloths, Cassimeres, &c.

IF you want great bargains in Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, &c., call opposite the Bank, where you will find superior French Cloths for Dress Coats; English and American Cloths, all shades and qualities, for Dress and Over-Coats; Cassimeres, Vestings, Scarfs, *Cravats—of every* variety, to which I invite the attention of the Gentlemen. WM. S. LOCK.
Oct. 10, 1845.

Bonnets, Artificials, &c.

JUST received, the most splendid assortment of *MILLINERY GOODS* I ever had to offer. Among them may be found handsome Ribbons of all shades; Sattins, all colors; Artificial Flowers and Plumes in great variety; Cap Ribbons, &c., to which I invite the attention of the Ladies. WM. S. LOCK.
Oct. 10, 1845.

Unprecedented Inducement to Purchase Bargains.

THE subscriber has made arrangements to take in exchange for Goods, Bacon, Wool, Lard, Butter, Eggs, Rags,—in short, almost any article the Farmer has to dispose of—for which he will give the highest market price. To those who trade, he would say that they will always find a complete assortment of Goods, and at fair prices, by calling at the "People's Cheap Store."
BENJ. L. THOMAS.
Halltown, Oct. 10, 1845—tf. [F. P. copy.

Green Spring Gap Mill and Tavern,

FOR RENT, FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

THE subscriber offers for rent, for a term of years the above valuable property. The Green Spring Tavern is a large and commodious Brick House, with Stabling and all necessary out buildings, is situated in Frederick County, nine miles North of Winchester, on the Bath road. Any person desirous to lease the above property, can do so by making immediate *private* application; should no one apply, it will be rented to the highest bidder on Saturday the 1st day of November. It is not deemed necessary to give a more particular description, as the renter will examine the property before renting.
Oct. 10, 1845.—tds. GEO. SWHIERS.

Fall and Winter Goods.

I AM now receiving and opening one of the most beautiful, fashionable, and altogether, best selected Stock of Goods, I have ever brought to this market. My friends and customers are invited to call and examine them, as I shall offer my Goods on such terms as cannot fail to please.
Oct. 10. E. M. AISQUITH.

This Way for Bargains!

AT JAMES CLOTHIER'S *MERCHANT TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT*, Gentlemen of all tastes may be pleased. He has a *Choice Assortment* of

Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings,

Also, Sattinetts, of a superior quality and very cheap.

The Goods that I now offer, have been selected with the greatest possible care, and will be sold at prices to suit the times. They consist in part, of
Blue, Black and Invisible Cloths,—French, English and American;
Beaver Tweeds—a prime article for Over-Coats, at a low price;
Plain Black, Ribbed and Cross-barred Cassimeres;
Very fine French Cassimeres;
Plain Black Satin, plain and figured Velvet and Merino Vestings;
A variety of Plaid Lining for Coats and Cloaks.

In short, every inducement will be given those who are in want of Clothes, to buy of me, if they can be induced by low prices and Fashionable Goods. JAMES CLOTHIER.
Oct. 10, 1845.

New Goods.

THE undersigned are just receiving their Fall supply of—
Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Sattinets,
Cloakings, blk, blue-black and fig'd Alpaccas,
Blk, and blue-black Bombazines, Cashmeres,
Cashmere de Ecosse, Mouslin de Lain,
Blk,' blue-black, striped and figured Silks,
Shawls, Ribbonds, Trimmings, Braid Bonnets,
Gimp, Silk Velvet, and Fancy Ties, Necklaces,
Hair Pins, Jet Ornaments, Hoods, &c.
100 pieces Callico from 6¼ to 37½ cents,
100 do. bleached and brown muslins, ticking,
Table Diaper, Russia Diaper, Laces, Edgings,
Bobbinetts, Insertings, Green Baize,
Lace, Swiss and Mull Muslins,
FRESH GROCERIES;
Confectionary;
Hardware; Queensware; Cedarware; Paints, Oils, and Dye Stuffs; Drugs & Medicines.
S. HEFLEBOWER & CO.
Kabletown, Oct 3, 1845.

Wood, Wood.

WE are anxious to procure our winter's supply of WOOD, and those who design paying their subscription in that way are requested to furnish it immediately. New subscriptions will be received, payable in Wood, or any kind of Country Produce. Oct. 10, 1845.

To The Public.

THE undersigned has made arrangements with Mr. George W. Nicely, Tailor, who will be found at my store in Leetown every Wednesday and Saturday, for the purpose of making up clothing for all who will give me a call.
Leetown, Oct. 10. F. DUNNINGTON.

Porter and Champagne Cider.

A FRESH supply of *Porter and Champagne Cider* in bottles, for sale by
Oct. 10. JOHN H. BEARD.

Fresh Crackers.

FRESH Soda, Water, Sugar and Butter Crackers, just received and for sale by
Oct. 10. J. H. BEARD.

Window Glass and Putty.

A LARGE and general assortment of all sizes of Window Glass, also Putty for sale by
Oct. 10. J. H. BEARD.

Second Supply.

WE have the pleasure of informing our customers and the public, that we have received during the past few days, *many more New and Desirable Goods*, making our stock now *very complete*, which had been somewhat broken by our sales since the reception of our Fall Goods. We wish *all* to come and see us, as *we have always something new to show them.*
Oct. 10. J. J. MILLER & WOODS.

Daily Pocket Remembrancer,

FOR Lawyers, Merchants, and Business Men in general—just received and for sale by
Oct. 10. J. J. MILLER & WOODS.

Look Here, Sportsmen!

I HAVE just received a large supply of Canister Powder; also Beatty's superior in keg, for retail; Shot of all sizes; Caps of extra quality; Gun Wads of all sizes.

Powder Flasks, both horn and copper, Shot Bags, single and double, Leaver charges for shot bags, Nipple Wrenches, Gun Tubes;

Also, a first rate new Double-barrelled Gun, which I can sell very low; dog chains, dog collars, single and double, &c. &c. for sale low by
Oct. 10. JOHN H. BEARD.

New Fall and Winter Goods.

130 *Boxes, Cases, Bales, Sacks, Bags, &c. of*
NEW GOODS, AT
THE PEOPLE'S CHEAP STORE!

THE subscriber would respectfully invite the attention of his friends and the public, to the fact that he has just returned from Baltimore, and is now opening a complete assortment of

Dry Goods and Groceries.

Amongst his stock will be found the following Goods:
Black, Blue, Blue-black and Brown *CLOTHS*;
Plain, Striped and Fancy *CASSINETTS*;
Super Black, Blue-black and Fancy *CASSIMERES*;
A large and beautiful assortment of Plain and Fancy *VESTINGS*;
A very large assortment of Calicoes, of various styles, qualities and prices, all very cheap;
Irish Linen, Holland, Selecians;
Checks and Tickings;
Ladies and Gentlemen's Silk Scarfs and Hdkfs.;
Kid and Silk Gloves, Mits;
Worsted Hose, &c.;
Edgings, Laces;
Cambric, Jackonot, Swiss and Mull Muslins;
A large and full assortment of Ribbons;
Buttons, Suspenders, Umbrellas, &c.;
A large and general assortment of Brown and Bleached Cotton, by the yard or piece, which cannot be beat for cheapness in the county.

Amongst his **Groceries**, will be found cheap Sugar, Coffee, Tea, Molasses, Tobacco, Salt, Oil, &c. He has also on hand, Hardware, Queensware, China, Cedar and Hollow Ware, together with every article generally kept in a Country Store. All of which will be sold very low for Cash or Produce, or to punctual customers on a short credit. He hopes that all who are anxious to get Bargains, will call at the "People's Cheap Store," as he is determined to sell Goods as low as they can be purchased elsewhere.
BENJ. L. THOMAS.
Halltown, Oct. 10, 1845—tf [F. P. copy.

BLANKS, of all descriptions, for sale at
THIS OFFICE.

HOPE.

BY RICHARD PENN SMITH.

Hope in the young heart springeth,
As flowers in the infant year;
Hope in the young heart singeth,
As birds when the flowers appear.

Hope in the old heart dieth,
As wither those early flowers;
Hope from the old heart flieth,
As the birds from wintry bowers.

But Spring will revive the flowers;
And the birds return to sing;
And Death will renew Hope's powers
In the old heart withering.

THE WIND.

The wind is a bachelor,
Merry and free;
He roves at his pleasure
O'er land and o'er sea:
He ruffles the lake,
And he kisses the flower,
And he sleeps when he lists
In a jes'mine bower.

He gives to the cheek
Of the maiden its bloom,
He tastes her warm kisses,
Enjoys their perfume;
But truant like, often
The sweets that he sips
Are lavished next moment
On lovelier lips.

The Humorist.

First Rate.—An incident occurred on board a steamship some time ago, illustrative of the ridiculous pride and affection of the would-be fashionable, and the excrutiatingly polite of the world. At supper, a lady sat down at the table with something of the flourish and toss of the head, expressive of her consequence and her utter contempt of all on board. An honest queer-looking, but genteel young man seated himself opposite; and not being in the mood of waiting long, helped himself to a piece of bread, and with his own knife took a piece of butter to keep it company. The lady (?) immediately bridled up and showed by her manner that something unusual had occured.

"Waiter!" said she, "waitah! take away that buttah—that rude man has had his knife in it."

She was obeyed, and the butter vanished to her great relief. The poor fellow blushed to his shirt collar, and felt sufficiently embarrassed. Before the supper was over, his politeness and laudable desire to retrieve his error, prompted him to pass the lady a plate of dried beef nicely cut up. She reached out her hand very politely and took some on her plate with her fingers. Jonathan instantly started up, and with a loud voice cried out—

"Waiter! take away this smoked beef—that rude woman has had her fingers in it."

It was now her turn to blush. She was fairly done.

Judge Dooly, of Georgia, was remarkable for his wit, as well as for other talents. At one place where he attended Court, he was not well pleased with his entertainment at the tavern. On the first day of the Court, a hog under the name of pig—had been cooked whole and laid on the table.—No person attacked it. It was brought the next day, and the next, and treated with the same respect; and it was on the table on the day which the Court adjourned. As the party finished their dinner, Judge Dooly rose from the table and in a solemn manner addressed the Clerk, "Mr. Clerk," said he, "dismiss that hog upon his recognizance until the first day of the next Court. He has attended so faithfully during the present term, that I don't think it will be necessary to take any security."

As Good as it were Æsop.—The Nantucket Islander says the following story was lately told by a reformed inebriate, as an apology for much of the folly of drunkards:—

"A mouse ranging about a brewery, happening to fall into a vat of beer, was in imminent danger of drowning, and appealed to a cat to help him out. The cat replied, 'It is a foolish request, for as soon as I get you out I shall eat you.' The mouse piteously replied that that fate would be better than to be drowned in beer. The cat lifted him out, but the fume of the beer caused puss to sneeze; and the mouse took refuge in his hole.—The cat called upon the mouse to come out—'you sir, did you not promise that I should eat you?' 'Ah?' replied the mouse, 'but you know *I was in liquor at the time!*'"

"Here, you little rascal, walk up and account for yourself—where have you been?"

"After the girls, father."

"Don't you know better than that? Did you ever know me to do so when I was a boy?"

A Hit.—"Charles," said a father to his son, while they were working in the saw mill, "what possesses you to associate with such girls as you do? When I was of your age I could go with the first cut."

"But," says Charley, "the *first cut* is always a *slab*—did you know *that?*"

"Help me turn this log, Charles."

Sleeping Arrangements.—In speaking of the arrangements for reposing at night on board of canal packets, a lady a few days since remarked, that it made her think of sleeping on a fence rail, and covering herself with two yards of tape!

Very Good.—The publishers of a journal, the subscribers to which are scattered over the country, very charitably wishes that *some* of them were afflicted with the *bil*-ous *remit*-ent fever.

Wet.—A hardy seaman who had escaped one of the recent shipwrecks on our coast, was asked by a lady how he felt when the waves dashed over him? "*Wet* madam, *very wet!*"

A Quandary.—A baker with both arms in the dough up to his elbows, and a flea in the leg of his trousers.

Busy Bees.—In the island of Cuba bees are kept with great success. They are not enervated by the warmth and perennial fruitfulness of the climate, but work on, accumulating stores, though there is to be no winter in which they will be wanted. Many of the Cubans have hundreds of swarms. All the owners do is to furnish hives, which only requires them to cut a large hollow tree into pieces three feet long, and laying them down upon sheds, to fasten a stick through the centre, upon which the bees begin to build. The hives swarm frequently, and all are, as we said, trained to thorough industry, and their industry is abundantly rewarded among the fragant Belle Flowers. When a hive is full of honey, the bees seal it up at both ends, and go to another: so that the planter has only to take away the rich stores from the deserted dwellings; for as there is no winter, the bees are always laying up and never consuming.

"It is the first step only which costs," is not less true in educating a people, than in other matters. After the great work is once fairly commenced, there is an *intrinsic* momentum in a good cause which will irresistibly carry it along. The freedom of the press and the activity of public sentiment in our country cherishes and sustains the germ of educational improvement.

Relying upon this principle, we may anticipate noble fruits from the exertions now being put forth in Virginia. The public mind is aroused. The efforts of such men as McDowell, Daniel, Rives, Stevenson, Witcher, Mason and Heath, indicate the pervading interest felt by all parties. It is a noble work, and we may truly say, God speed them. The establishment of common schools fully adequate to the education of every person in the State, is in its highest sense best designated by the word Patriotism, which we consider to be not mere attachment to the land of one's birth, but rather to the welfare of the people who give vitality and energy and nobility to that country, which they may bless with their character and their institutions.—*Albany Argus.*

Muffins.—Take three pints of flour, one pint of lukewarm water, one teacupful of baker's yeast one great spoonful of sugar, one tea-spoonful of salt. Make up in the morning for tea or at night for breakfast.

A. J. O'BANNON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,

HAVING settled *permanently* in Charlestown, Jefferson county, Va., will continue to practice in the Courts of Jefferson, Berkeley, Frederick and Clarke counties.

And having devoted his undivided attention for the last eight years to the practice of law, he feels prepared to attend efficiently to any business with which he may be entrusted.

Office over E. P. Miller's Store.
Sept. 19, 1845—3m.

HENRY BEDINGER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,

WILL practice in the Courts of Jefferson, Clarke, Frederick, and Berkeley counties.
May 23, 1845—tf.

DR. ALEXANDER offers his professional services to the citizens of Charles town and the vicinity. Residence third door East of Carter's Hotel.
Charlestown, April 18, 1845—tf.

GEORGE W. SAPPINGTON, JR.,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,

WILL attend the Superior and Inferior Courts of Jefferson, Berkeley, Frederick and Clarke counties.
Residence—Charlestown, Jefferson county, Va.
Jan. 10, 1845—tf.

A CARD.

WM. LUCAS & BENJ. F. WASHINGTON

HAVING associated themselves in the Practice of the Law, will attend the Superior and Inferior Courts of Jefferson, Berkeley, Frederick, and Clarke.

Office the same as heretofore occupied by Lucas & Bedinger.
Charlestown, Aug. 15, 1845—tf.

The Senior Partner in the above Card would say to his friends and to the public generally, that he has again resumed, with renewed zeal, the practice of his profession, which the duties of public life, for the last few years, have compelled him to neglect. To all, then, who would entrust their business to his charge, he deems it only necessary for him to say, that he is again prepared, as heretofore, with all his energy, to do battle in their cause, and to protect, with all his ability, the rights and interests of his clients. He can generally be found, when not elsewhere professionally engaged, at his office in Charlestown.
August 29, 1845—tf.

LAW SCHOOL.

HAVING derived great advantage to my health from travelling this Summer, I propose to open a Law School in the city of Richmond, to be conducted on the plan pursued by me at the University of Virginia. My principal Text Book will be my own Commentaries, which may be procured by the student from myself; other books necessary to the course may be readily procured, as they are wanted, in Richmond. The School to be opened on the 15th of November, and to close on the 15th of May. The course will embrace Lectures on National, Constitutional and Municipal Law. The Fee for admission into the School will be $80, payable on entrance.
HENRY ST. GEORGE TUCKER.
Sept. 19, 1845—tf.

CARTER'S HOTEL.
WHITE-HOUSE.

THE very liberal encourgement which the public has extended to this Establishment induces the Proprietor to hope that he may continue to deserve and receive a continuation of that patronage, and pledges himself that neither exertion nor expense will be spared in his efforts to please.

A new and comfortable hack and horses kept for the accommodation of the public.
ISAAC N. CARTER, *Proprietor.*
Charlestown, Jefferson County, Va., April 11, 1845.

UNITED STATES HOTEL,
SHEPHERDSTOWN, VIRGINIA.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his friends and the travelling public, that he has leased and just newly fitted up the Brick House on main street, Shepherdstown, on the corner opposite Entier's Hotel, as one of public entertainment. From his friends in Jefferson and the neighboring counties, he would ask a call, as it shall be his constant aim to render his house in every respect comfortable and agreeable to visiters and boaders. Terms moderate, and made to suit the times.

☞ The BAR shall at all times be supplied with the choicest liquors, for the accommodation of the public. ELY CONLEY.
Shepherdstown, July 18, 1845—tf.

BOARDING.

THE undersigned having rented the Dwelling part of that large Three-story Brick House, belonging to John G. Wilson, opposite the Arsenal Yard, Harpers-Ferry, is desirous of taking ten or fifteen genteel Boarders. The Rooms are large and airy, and he pledges himself to do every thing in his power to give satisfaction, and to make those who pratonize him comfortable. He would respectfully ask those who wish to get good Board, where they can be retired and quiet, to give him a trial. THOMAS E. BRANDON.
Harpers-Ferry, May 23, 1845—tf.

LIGHT FOR THE PEOPLE!

HAVING purchased of Mr. E. W. Hall the Right of Jefferson county for selling *Casey's Fluid or Burning Light*, we are now prepared with a full supply of Lamps and Fluid, and can furnish Lamps of any size, and the Fluid in any quantity, put up in tin cans.

This light is used in all the principal cities in the U. States, and all we ask is a trial of the article to secure its introduction generally through our county. And we feel satisfied, from the cleanliness, cheapness, &c., that it must put all other lights in the shade, and become universally used by the citizens of Jefferson county.

We will, in a few days, furnish certificates from gentlemen who have used the Fluid, which will satisfy any one of its merits. Lamps and Fluid can be had by applying at the Store of T. C. Sigafoose or C. G. Stewart.
SIGAFOOSE & STEWART.
Sept. 19, 1845.

Fall and Winter Fashions.

THE subscriber has just received the latest and most approved
Reports of Fall and Winter Fashions,
to which he would invite the attention of his friends and customers. Every variety of work in the Tailoring line will be executed with promptness and on the most reasonable terms. Good fits warranted in all cases. Give me a trial, and satisfy yourselves as to what is said.
Oct. 3, 1845. JAMES CLOTHIER.

WANTED.—Wool, Bacon, and Rags, for which the market price will be paid in goods, by HARRIS, HAMMOND & Co.
May 30, 1845.

Shawls, &c.

HANDSOME Cashmere Shawls, from $5 to $20; a great variety of common Shawls; Scarfs, Ladies Necklaces; Laces, Edgings and Inserting, just received and for sale by
Oct. 10. WM. S. LOCK.

TWEEDS.—A large supply of Tweeds and other heavy Twilled Goods for Winter Coats. In a few days we expect to receive a supply of Ready-made Coats, and for sale low.
Oct. 3. J. J. MILLER & WOODS.

Blank Deeds,

JUST printed on fine paper, for sale at THIS OFFICE.

BOOT AND SHOEMAKING.

New Stock of Leather!

I HAVE just returned from Baltimore, with a Stock of Leather of the very best kind, and which persons will find, by an examination, to bear the stamp of the very *best quality*. It is not such as has been brought here by others and palmed off as the best leather, but it is, in reality, some of the choicest leather in Baltimore.

I am therefore prepared to furnish Boots and Shoes out of the very best materials, and made by experienced workmen, and will fill all orders punctually. WILLIAM AVIS, *Agt.*
October 17, 1845—3t.

Wanted Immediately,

A JOURNEYMAN to work on Boots, to whom constant employment and liberal wages will be given. WM. AVIS, *Agt.*
Oct. 17, 1845.

FALL AND WINTER WORK.

WE call the attention of our customers and the public to our large stock of *COARSE BOOTS AND SHOES*, now on hand. We are also prepared to furnish the following descriptions of work at the shortest notice, promptly:
Men's and Boy's double and treble soled fine and coarse Boots;
Do do do do do Shoes;
Ladies' Gaiters, Walking Shoes, Jeffersons, Slippers, &c.;
Misses and Children's Shoes of every variety.

We are offering the above work cheap for Cash, or in exchange for Corn, Hides and Skins, Pork, Beef, &c. We invite a call before purchasing elsewhere. J. McDANIEL & CO.
Sept. 12, 1845—tf.

LOREN MORSE,
Manufacturer of Ladies and Children's Shoes,

WOULD respectfully announce to the Ladies of Charlestown and vicinity, that he continues to manufacture every variety of Ladies, Misses, and Children's Shoes, at his old Stand, at the North-east corner of Washington st., Charlestown, at the shortest notice, of the best materials, and at Baltimore prices.
Sept. 12, 1845—4m.

WILLIAM T. McDONALD,
CLOCK AND WATCH MAKER,
(Sign of the Watch,)

HAS opened a shop one door East of J. H. McEndree's store, Shepherdstown, and respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage.

Lever, Horizontal, L'Epine, Musical, and Repeating Watches, will be carefully cleaned, repaired and warranted, at the shortest notice, and moderate charges.

Also—Particular attention given to the mending of Jewelry, Musical Boxes, Sun-shades, Spectacles, and all articles in the Jewelry line. He assures the public that no pains will be spared to give satisfaction.
Shepherdstown, Oct. 3, 1845—2m.

Staple Fall Goods.

WE would particularly invite the attention of *Farmers and others*, to our extensive and general assortment of Staple Fall Goods, which will be found to comprise every article in demand for the present and approaching season, and which will be sold by piece or otherwise, at small advance J. J. MILLER & WOODS.
October 3, 1845.

Porter.

WE have received and intend keeping a constant supply of Porter, in bottles.
Oct 3. KEYES & KEARSLEY.

PORTER, for sale by
Oct. 3. KEYES & KEARSLEY.

Books and Stationery.

WE have just received a large addition to our stock of Books and Stationery. We deem it unnecessary to enumerate, as we can at all times furnish on demand, or a few days' notice, any Books to be had in the United States. Our supply of School Books is now very complete, and comprise such as are in general use in the schools of our county—all of which will be sold on the most accommodating terms.
Oct. 3. J. J. MILLER & WOODS.

Cheap Publications.

A LARGE supply of all the most recent publications just received. We have made arragements to be constantly supplied with New Books as they come out, and all at Philadelphia prices. J. J. MILLER & WOODS.
Oct. 3, 1845.

HEALTH.

THOMPSON'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF TAR & WOOD-NAPTHA, the most powerful and certain remedy ever discovered for the cure of Pulmonary Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma, Chronic Sore Throat, Spitting of Blood, Chronic Catarrh, Liver Complaint, &c., for sale at
August 29, 1845. E. M. AISQUITH'S.

A Case of Eight-day Clocks,

JUST received and for sale low by S. HEFLEBOWER & CO.
Kabletown, Oct. 3, 1845.

SILK LACES, FRINGES, &c., just received and for sale by
Oct. 3. J. J MILLER & WOODS.

Salt! Salt!!

50 SACKS G. A. Salt, just received and for sale. S. HEFLEBOWER & CO.
Kabletown, Oct. 3, 1845.

The Latest Style,

HATS AND CAPS, just received and for sale very low, by
Oct 3. J. J. MILLER & WOODS.

New Fall Goods, in Store.

HANDSOME new style Calicoes, &c., Cloths, Cassimers, and Cassinets. Good assortment Blankets, fine and low price; heavy and fine Boots, very low, and a very large assortment of Shoes, of all kinds, which he would thank the citizens to examine before purchasing elsewhere. F. DUNNINGTON.
Leetown, September 26, 1845.

Cooking Stove.

I HAVE one of the celebrated HOT AIR COOKING STOVES, (good as new.) I will trade it for Wood, at about half its first cost
September 26. E. M. AISQUITH.

WANDERING JEW.—This Work is now complete, and for sale by
Oct. 3. J. J. MILLER & WOODS.

1000 Pair Shoes and Boots.

FROM recent additions, our stock of Home-made Shoes and Boots is very complete.—Farmers can be supplied at very reduced prices, with double soled heavy boots or shoes, at all times; also, Northern work on hand and for sale by J. J. MILLER & WOODS.
October 3, 1845.

Groceries.

1 HHD. N. O. Sugar;
1 do Porto Rico do.;
1 do N. O. Molasses—just received and for sale low by S. HEFLEBOWER & CO.
Kabletown, Oct. 3, 1845.

Country Produce.

WANTED, Butter, Eggs, and Poultry. I will purchase any quantity of *fresh* butter, if well worked from buttermilk, for which I will pay 16 cents per lb. F. DUNNINGTON.
Leetown, Oct. 10, 1845.

Drugs, Paints, Oils and Dyestuffs.

THE undersigned is now receiving and opening one of the best selected assortments of Drugs, Paints, Oils, Dyestuffs, &c. &c. ever offered in this market. They are all *fresh*, and have been selected with great care. A call from those in want is respectfully solicited.

☞ Physicians Prescriptions put up as usual, with accuracy and attention.
Oct. 3, 1845. JOHN H. BEARD.

Candies, Preserves, Nuts, &c.

MY assortment of these articles is now complete, and some of the choicest varieties may be found. They are offered *unusually low.* Call early and examine. JOHN H. BEARD.
October 3.

Toys, of Every Variety,

MAY now be found at my Store. Those wishing to make their children presents, can be accommodated from a whistle up. There are many new "notions" in the way of Toys, and I should be glad if persons in want would call and look through the collection. J. H. BEARD.
October 3.

Books, Paper, Quills, &c.

JUST received a very choice assortment of the latest Annuals—every description of School Books, &c. Also Paper, Quills, Inkstands, Rulers, Wafers, &c. &c., which will be sold cheap.
Oct. 3. J. H. BEARD.

Tobacco and Segars.

A FRESH and very superior Stock of Tobacco and Segars is now offered for sale. Lovers of a *first-rate* article, and at low prices, are requested to call and examine. J. H. BEARD.
October 3, 1845.

WILLIAM J. STEPHENS,
Corner of Potomac and Shenandoah Streets,
HARPERS-FERRY, VA.,

WOULD respectfully make known to the citizens of Harpers-Ferry and the county of Jefferson in general, that he has just returned from the *Philadelphia and Baltimore Markets*, with a new and splendid assortment of

Gentlemen's Fashionable Goods,

which for variety, quality and price, he challenges a parallel.

His stock now consists in part as follows, viz: CLOTHS.—35 pieces of French, English and American Cloths, various colors, from 62½ cents to $10 per yard.

CASSIMERES.—75 pieces of French, English and American Cassimeres, various colors, from $1 to $4 per yard.

VESTINGS.—90 different patterns of French, English and American Vestings, from 50 cents to $8 per pattern.

SATTINETTS.—45 pieces of Sattinetts, various colors and qualities, from 50 cents to $1 50 per yard.

HATS AND CAPS.—A good assortment of Beaver and other Hats—Cloth, Velvet and Glazed Caps, cheap and good.

BOOTS AND SHOES.—A general assortment of Gentlemen's Boots and Shoes, Boys' do., Ladies' do., Misses and Childrens' Shoes.

Ready-Made Clothing.

A large and general assortment of Over Coats, Frock Coats, Body Coats, Sack Coats and Coatees, Roundabouts, Vests, Pants, Shirts, Drawers, Stocks, Scarfs, Cravats, Bosoms, Collars, Suspenders, Gloves, Socks, &c. Also a general variety of such articles as are generally found in a Merchant Tailor and Ready-made Clothing Establishment. And as he has just received, with his new goods, the latest French, English and American Fashions, he is prepared to make up to order the most fashionable garments at the shortest notice, at *low* prices. Good fits warranted.

In conclusion, I invite a call from the public, as I am determined to sell bargains, and I am satisfied that none will go away disappointed.
Harpers-Ferry, Sept. 19, 1845.

Tobacco and Segars.

THE subscribers have determined to keep a very large and general stock of Tobacco and Segars of the very best brands, and have now in store a heavy supply, which we are opening at very low prices. Those who use the Weed, will please give us a call. The following are some of the choice brands on hand, viz:

Tobacco.—3 Boxes Virginia Gold Leaf, at $1 00 per pound;
3 Boxes Virginia Gold Leaf, 2nd qual. at 50 c.;
1 Box Graveley's Very Superior;
3 Boxes different choice brands, at 25 cts.;
This Tobacco that we offer at 25 cents, will be found to equal that ordinarily retailed at 50 cents.
2 Boxes prime Smoking Tobacco at 12½ cents.

Segars.—Principe, Long Almerado Havana, La Norma Regalia, Spanish, Half-Spanish, Havana, &c., &c.

Also—Garrett's Philadelphia Snuffs;
Snuff Boxes in great variety;
Segar Cases, &c., &c.
Oct. 3. MILLER & TATE.

Paper.

JUST received, a large supply of Writing Paper, which we offer at the following low prices:
Superior Ruled Letter Paper only 12½ per quire;
Do do Cap do 12½;
Very superior Cap and Post do 18¾;
A liberal deduction will be made on the above prices when sold by the Ream or half Ream.
Also on hand, superior Writing Ink and Steel Pens. MILLER & TATE.
Oct. 3, 1845.

50 KEGS Nails, just received and for sale by S. HEFLEBOWER & CO.
Kabletown, Oct. 3, 1845.

New and Cheap Store.

THE subscriber having rented the Store at Leetown, (on the Smithfield and Shepherdstown Turnpike,) informs the public that he has purchased an entire Stock of New Goods, and hopes to merit a share of their patronage. He is determined to sell *Very Low* for Cash, and for Cash only, as he wishes to save the amount of time, which is generally and necessarily spent in collecting debts. F. DUNNINGTON.
Leetown, Sept. 26.

The 1st of October, 1845.

A New STOCK OF GOODS at Kabletown.

THE undersigned having disposed of their entire stock of old goods, will now offer to the public, an entire New and well selected stock of
French, English & American Manufactured
DRY GOODS.

Their present stock comprises some of the best selections, made from the New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore markets, and they are determined to sell goods at as short profits, and on as accommodating terms, as any store in the Valley of Virginia. They therefore, earnestly solicit all those in search of good bargains to give them an early call. S. HEFLEBOWER & CO.
Kabletown, Oct. 3, 1845.

Fulled, Plaid and Plain Linseys,

DOMESTIC FLANNELS.—A full supply on hand and for sale by
HARRIS, HAMMOND & CO.
Sept. 19, 1845.

Fulled and Plaid Linseys, and Home-made Flannels.

THE subscribers have just received a large lot of Fulled and Plaid Linseys and Home-made Flannels, which they will sell on the most favorable terms or exchange for Wool.
Sept. 12. CRANE & SADLER.

Wanted.

ANY quantity of Bacon, Rags, Lard, Beeswax, Soap, Beans, Butter, Eggs, &c., or any kind of country trade, in exchange for Goods, at the lowest prices.
HARRIS, HAMMOND & CO.
Sept. 19, 1845.

FOR SALE,
In Mason County, Virginia,

ON the South Western side, and five miles from the Great Kanawha river, and fifteen from the Ohio, a tract of

640 Acres of Land,

Plentifully watered by running streams and a good Spring, and covered by a growth of valuable timber of every variety.

The region of country in which said Land is situated is a highly interesting portion of Western Virginia, and on many accounts desirable as a place of residence.

The land lies high and undulating, the climate remarkably healthful, the soil is peculiarly adapted for grass, small grains of every sort, tobacco, &c., —while the Creek Bottoms cannot be surpassed for the growth of Corn.

Persons wishing to engage in the grazing or wool-growing business, but who are prevented for want of sufficient extent of surface, would here be enabled to "graze their flocks upon a hundred hills."—All persons, who, seeking to better their condition, are bound for the "far West," would do well, before arriving at the "stepping off place," to pause on this our western border, and direct their observation to this hitherto overlooked, yet intrinsically valuable region of country. Virginians, particularly from the Eastern portions of the State, who find it necessary or expedient to emigrate—yet who are attached to the laws and customs of the *Old Dominion*—may here find a home, when, though beyond the Alleghanies, and on the opposite run of Waters, they may feel that they still tread the soil of that State which has given birth to six Presidents.

The terms of sale of the above named tract of Land will be suitable to those persons whose means are limited, and all such could not do better than to purchase. This is no fiction.

Apply to Lawrence B. Washington, Buffalo, Mason County, Va., or to Benj. F. Washington, Charlestown, Jefferson County, Va.
August 8, 1845—tf.

TO PRINTERS.

Type Foundry and Printers' Furnishing Ware-House.

THE subscribers have opened a new TYPE FOUNDRY in the city of New York, where they are ready to supply orders to any extent, for any kind of Job or Fancy Type, Ink, Cases, Galleys, Brass Rule, *Steel Column Rule*, Composing Sticks, Chases, and every article necessary for a Printing Office.

The Type, which are cast in new moulds, from an entirely new set of matrixes, with deep counters, are warranted to be unsurpassed by any, and will be sold at prices to suit the times. All the Type furnished by us is "hand cast."

Printing Presses furnished, and also Steam Engines of the most approved patterns.

N. B. A Machanist is constantly in attendance to repair Presses and do light work.
Composition Rollers cast for Printers.
COCKCROFT & OVEREND.
New York, Sept. 5, 1845—6m. 68 *Ann st.*

NOTICE.

APPLICATION will be made to the next Legislature of the State of Virginia, for a charter to make a Railroad from Little's Falls, on the Shenandoah river, in the county of Jefferson, to intersect the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, at or near the Old Furnace, with the condition to stop at or intersect the Winchester and Potomac Rail road, at or near Keyes' Switch; *Provided*, That Company can give satisfactory assurance that all freight for either the downward or upward trade, shall be promply taken off, or delivered, as the case may be.
Aug. 22, 1845—tf.

COMMITTED,

TO the Jail of Jefferson county, Va., as a Runaway, the following described Negro:—

On the 13th inst., a negro man, says he is aged 22—calls himself *BENJAMIN PRATER*—abut 5 feet 10 inches high—of copper color—has a stiff knee, caused by the rheumatism—one cheek somewhat scarred and swollen, and a burn on the breast. He had on when committed, linen pants and white cotton roundabout. He says he belongs to Dr. Gustavus Warfield, near Cooksville, Howard County, Md.

☞ The owner of the above described negro is hereby notified to come forward and prove property and take him away, or he will be dealt with as the law provides for in such cases.
WILLIAM H. GRIGGS, *Deputy Sheriff for D. Snively, and Jailor of Jefferson County, Va.*
August 15, 1845.

New and Cheap Tobacco Store,
IN CHARLESTOWN.

THE undersigned would respectfully inform the citizens of Charlestown and vicinity, that he is now receiving and opening a large supply of

Tobacco, Segars and Snuff,

in the Store-room of Messrs. E. M. & C. W. Aisquith, on the North-west corner of Main street, opposite Mr. Wm. S. Lock's Store, and nearly opposite the Bank, Charlestown, where he will constantly keep a general assortment of superior

Chewing and Smoking Tobacco,

from 12½ up to 75 cents per pound. Also *SEGARS*, of the most approved brands, viz:
Havana La Norma, Havana Regalia, Havana Trabuco, Plantation, Principe, Lord Byron, Castillos, and Washington La Norma.

Also, a superior article of Segars at a low price. Also SNUFFS, of different qualities.

He is determined to sell his Tobacco, Snuff and Segars at *very low* prices, and therefore respectfully solicits a call from all who use Tobacco.

Country Merchants of Jefferson and the adjoining counties will find it to their advantage to give him a call before purchasing elsewhere.
JOHN MOREHEAD.
Charlestown, Aug. 8, 1845.

Watches, Jewelry, &c.

THE subscriber respectfully invites the attention of his friends and the public generally, to his fine stock of Watches, Jewelry, &c. In his assortment will be found—
Gold and Silver Watches in great variety;
Ladies and Gentlemen's Gold Neck Chains;
Breast-pins and Finger-rings of the most beautiful patterns;
Superior Bracelets, Gold Medallions, &c.;
Gold and Silver Spectacles, Perifocal Glasses;
Silver and plated goods of all kinds;
Silver Table and Tea Spoons;
Best quality German Silver Spoons,
Tortoise-shell Dressing Combs, (a new article)
Pocket-books and Silk Purses;
Penknives and Scissors, (Rogers' best;)
Together with many other articles too tedious to enumerate, all of which will be sold on terms to suit the times.
Oct. 3. CHAS. G. STEWART.
N. B.—Watches repaired as usual, and warranted for twelve months. C. G. S.

TWILLED BAGGS—Home-made, always on hand and for sale at
Sept. 12. E. M. AISQUITH'S.

Cure for Rheumatism.

LAMBAUGH'S COMPOSITION.—A fresh supply of this valuable medicine, for either Chronic or Inflamatory Rheumatism. Just prepared and for sale by J. H. BEARD & Co.
January 31, 1845.

WOOL.—The subscribers wish to purchase Wool, for which they will pay the highest market price. KEYES & KEARSLEY.
June 6, 1845.

Domestic Goods.

FULLED and Plaid Linseys,
White Flannels, Porter's best make.
Just received and for sale by
Sept. 26. MILLER & TATE.

Balm of Columbia—For the Hair.

PERSONS who have thin hair, or whose hair is falling out, have here an article that will keep it from falling out, and increase the growth of it to a remarkable degree. This preparation was discovered some 18 or 20 years ago, since which time the sale of it has been on the increase. Thousands of bottles are sold weekly in the city of New York. It will keep the hair perfectly free from dandruff, and smooth and glossy. Its greatest virtue is in restoring the hair on the heads of those partially bald. It has been known to restore the hair on the heads of those who have been bald for years.

Sold wholesale and retail by Comstock & Co., 21 *Cortland street, New York, and by*
J. H. BEARD & Co., *Charlestown*, and
A. M. CRIDLER, *Harpers-Ferry.*
Jan. 17, 1845—tow1y.

WEAK *LUNGS and WEAK BREAST*, when any person is predisposed to consumption, it generally manifests itself by certain symptoms, which are called *CONSUMPTIVE SYMPTOMS*, the most common of which are a pain in the breast, and an oppression and pain about the lungs. When these symptoms are experienced, to guard against consumption it is advisable to *STRENGTHEN THE LUNGS AND BREAST.* This may be done effectually by using *HANCE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF HOARHOUND.*

Price 50 cents ber bottle. For sale by SETH S. HANCE, corner of Charles and Pratt streets, Baltimore, and by J. H. BEARD & Co.
Charlestown, Dec., 6, 1844.

HANCE'S *SUPERIOR LILY WHITE, AND HANCE'S PEARL POWDER*, both articles for beautifying and improving the complexion. Price 6¼ cts. per box. For sale by *SETH S. HANCE, corner of Charles and Pratt streets, Baltimore*, and by
J. H. BEARD, Charlestown,
JOSEPH ENTLER, Shepherdstown,
A. & G. W. HOLLAND, Harpers-Ferry.
Dec. 6, 1844.

Hay's Linament for the Piles.

PILES effectually cured by this certain remedy. The sale of this article is steadily increasing, notwithstanding the many counterfeits got up in imitation of it. Persons troubled with this distressing complaint, declare that they would not be without this preparation in their houses for the price of ten boxes. The public will recollect, that this is the only remedy offered them that is in reality of any value whatever. In places where it is known every family has it in their house.—Its price is not considered at all. It is above all price.

Sold wholesale by Comstock & Co., 21 Cortland street, New York, and by
J. H. BEARD & Co., *Charlestown.*
A. M. CRIDLER, *Harpers-Ferry.*
Jan. 31, 1845.

Lin's Balm of China.

AN infallible cure for all cuts, burns, sores, &c. The worst cut may be cured in a few hours by the use of this all-healing compound.—Its healing qualities are wonderful. One bottle of this is worth ten dollars worth of all other salves and remedies in existence. The most severe cut, which by delay might disable the patient for days, weeks, or months, can be cured without difficulty by using a bottle of this preparation. It is a valuable article, requiring such a small quantity in application, that one bottle will last for years.

The above medicine is sold wholesale by Comstock & Co., 21 Cortland street, New York, and by
J. H. BEARD & Co., *Charlestown.*
A. M. CRIDLER, *Harpers-Ferry.*
Jan. 31, 1845.

East India Hair Dye,
FOR COLORING THE HAIR PERFECTLY BLACK OR BROWN.

THIS preparation will color the coarsest red or grey hair the most beautiful black or brown. There is no mistake about the article at all, if used according to directions; it will do what is said of it. Out of ten thousand bottles that have been used, not one has been brought back or any fault found with it.

Sold wholesale by Comstock & Co., 21 *Cortland street, New York, and by*
J. H. BEARD & Co., *Charlestown,*
A. M. CRIDLER, *Harpers-Ferry.*
Jan. 17, 1845.

Pink Syrup for Coughs or Colds,

INFLUENZA, Sore Throats and Weak Lungs. This preparation, which has been so celebrated years back, for the cure of this distressing complaint, is now offered to the public for the low price of fifty cents a bottle. Persons having symptoms of either of the above complaints ought immediately to purchase a bottle of this article, as it is a sure preventative against any Cold, Cough, or Influenza. Dealers in this article knowing the great sale, which it always has in the fall and winter, have been laying in large quantities of this valuable and cheap remedy.

Sold wholesale by Comstock & Co., 21 Cortland street, New York, and by
J. H. BEARD & Co., *Charlestown.*
A. M. CRIDLER, *Harpers-Ferry.*
Jan. 31, 1845.

Headache Remedy,
FOR THE CURE OF SICK HEADACHE.

THIS distressing complaint may be cured by using one bottle of *Sophn's Sick Headache Remedy*, which has cured thousands of the worst cases. Persons after suffering weeks with this deathlike sickness, will buy a bottle of this remedy, and be cured, and then complain of their folly in not buying it before. People are expected to use the whole bottle, not use it two or three times and then complain that they are not cured. A bottle will cure them.

Sold wholesale and retail by Comstock Co., 21 *Cortland street, New York, and by*
J. H. BEARD & Co., *Charlestown,*
A. M. CRIDLER, *Harpers-Ferry.*
Jan. 17, 1845.

Oil of Tannin for Leather.

MONEY TO BE SAVED! The proprietors of this preparation say without any hesitation, that it is the best article in use. It will not only keep harness bright and soft, but will restore old harness that has been taken poor care of, taking off the crust, and making it perfectly soft and pliable. It adds to the wear of harness or leather at least 50 per cent. It is an article that comes cheap, and is worth its weight in silver.

Sold wholesale by Comstock & Co., 21 *Cortland street, New York, and by*
J. H. BEARD & Co., *Charlestown,*
A. M. CRIDLER, *Harpers-Ferry.*
Jan. 17, 1845.

HANCE'S *SARSAPARILLA VEGETABLE OR BLOOD PILLS, FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD,*
removing bile,
correcting disoders
of the stomach and bowels,
costiveness, dyspepsia, swimming in the head, &c. Persons of a full habit, who are subject to *Headache, Giddiness, Drowsiness, and singing in the Ears*, arising from too great a flow of blood to the head, should never be without them, as many dangerous symptoms will be entirely carried off by their immediate use.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

In purchasing these pills, let me add *one word of caution.* Always ask for *HANCE'S PILLS*, and purchase of none but those advertised as agents, and if convenient, call and see the proprietor himself.

Price 25 cents per box, or 5 for $1.

For sale by *SETH S. HANCE*, corner of Charles and Pratt streets, Baltimore, and by
J. H. BEARD, Charlestown,
JOS. ENTLER, Shepherdstown,
A. & G. W. HOLLAND, Harpers-Ferry.
Dec. 6, 1844.